



GP-EXTRA

Geoscience Education through Authentic Research

Session 1:

- * Earth Scientists**
- * Lead in Soils**
- * Sampling of Soils**

**Jefferson Junior High School, 7th Grade
November 14, 2022**



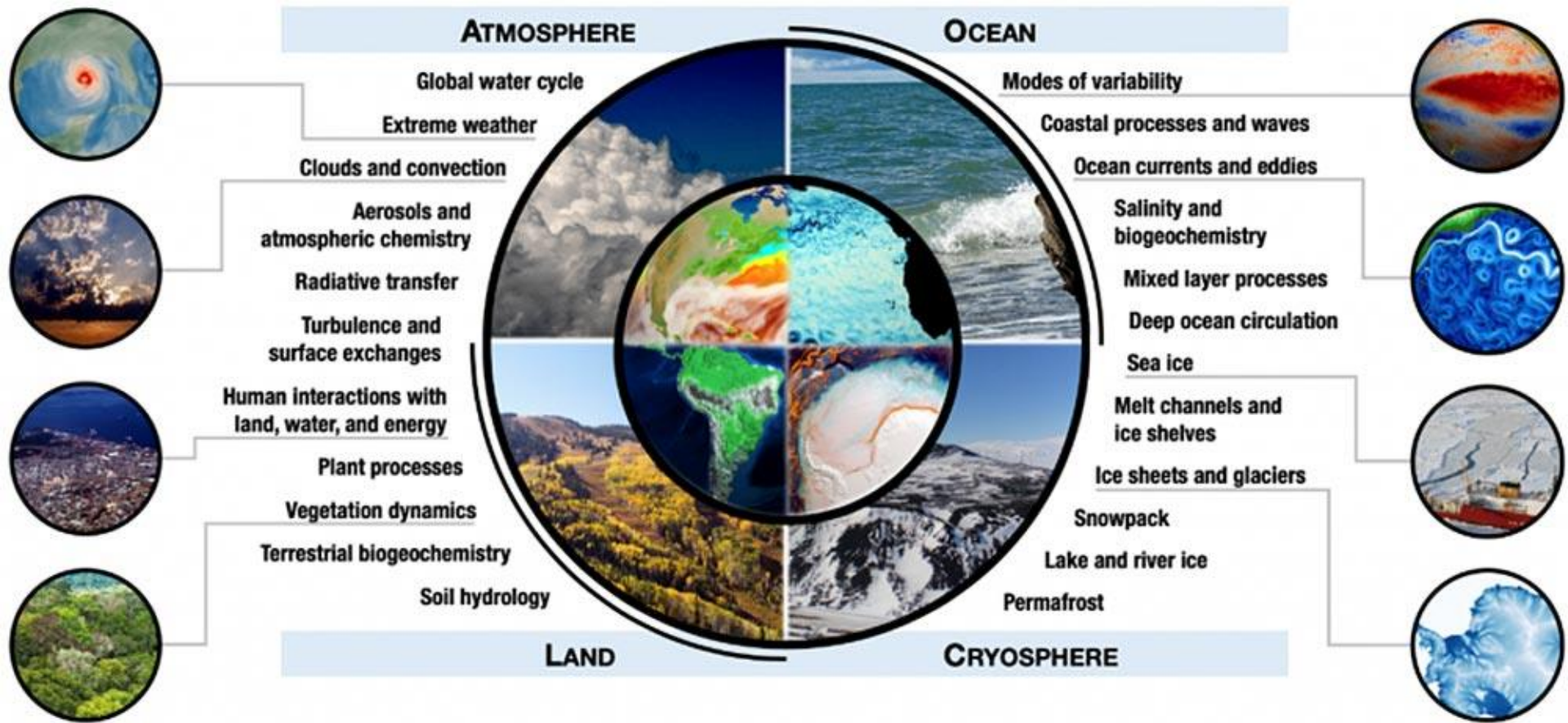
Pre-Survey

- 1. Put name in upper right hand corner of paper (you will tear this off when you complete the survey)**
- 2. Answer the survey questions to the best of your ability, responses will not impact your grade and will remain anonymous.**



What is Earth Science?

The study of Earth, its processes, structure, and properties.





Who are Earth Scientists?

They can look like...
paleontologists



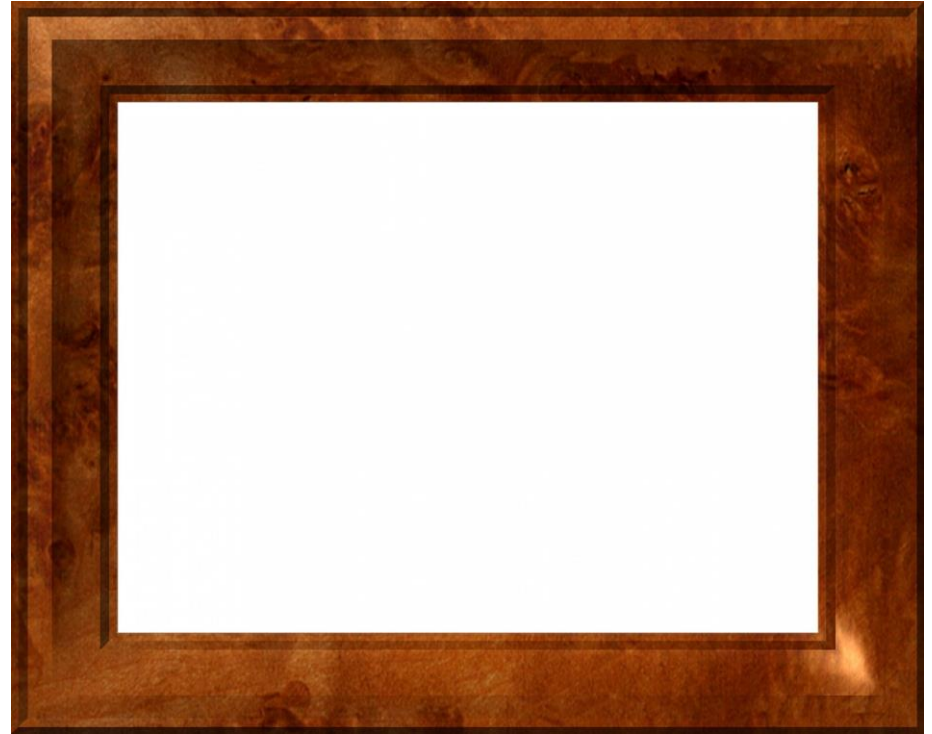
That can look like... volcanologist



They can look like... Environmental Scientists



They can look like...





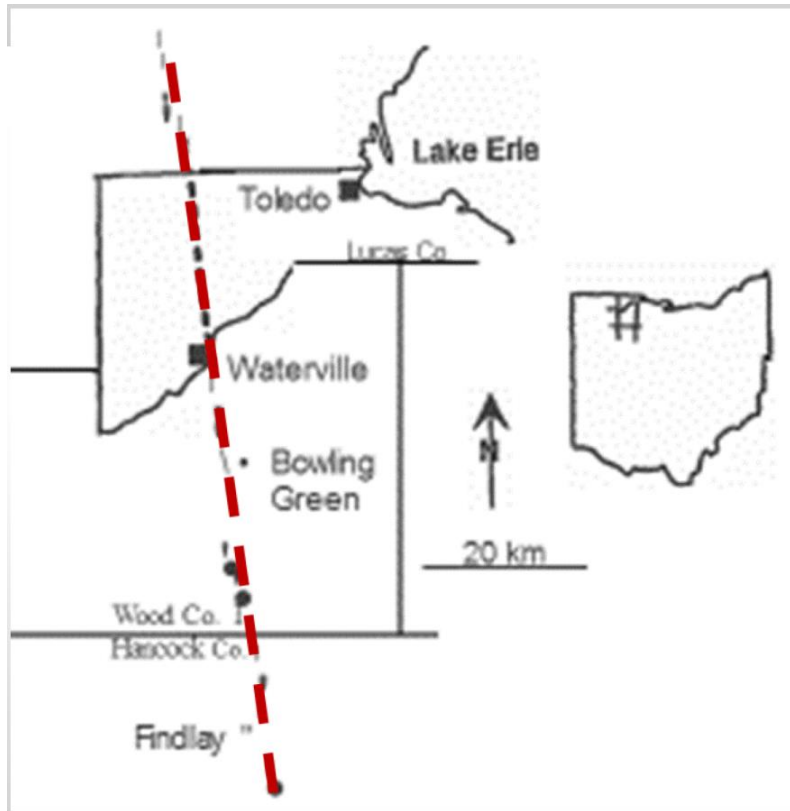
Earth Science in Toledo!

We may not have volcanoes or dinosaur bones but there is so much around us!



Lake Erie Algal Blooms

Bowling Green Fault, Waterville, OH Quarry





Toledo Community Gardens- Lead Contamination



What is Lead?
**How does it end up
in soil?**



Lead

- Element on the periodic table
- Naturally occurring heavy metal



What is lead used for?



Lead in Soils



Drip Zone –
next to building





Human contact with Lead

1. Direct ingestion of contaminated soils.

- Children hand-mouth activities
- Contaminated soil attached to produce

2. Inhalation of dust/ fine particles.

- Dust in the environment (gardening)
- Dust tracked into the house/ workspace
- Tobacco smoke

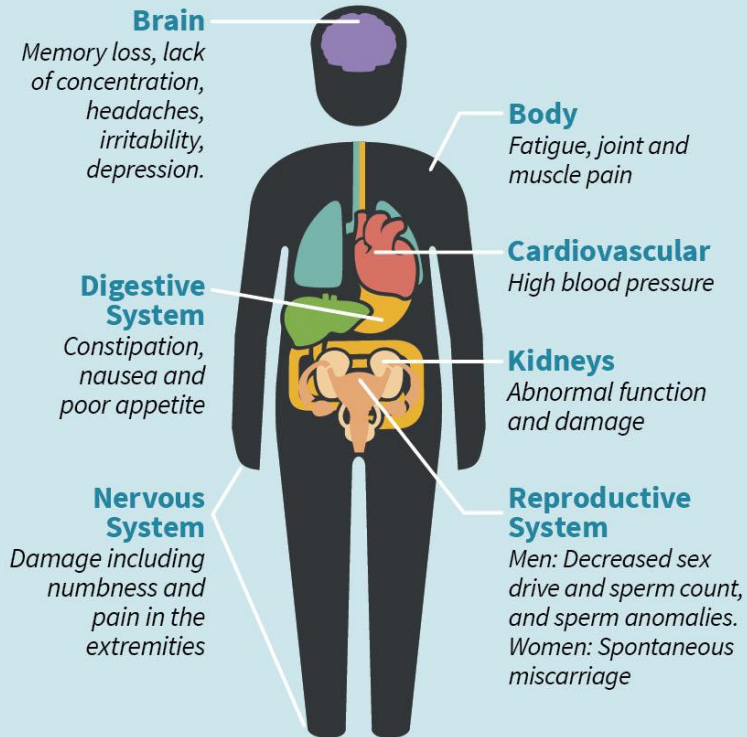
3. Water and food consumption.

- Water from contaminated pipes/ solder.
- Food grown in/ on contaminated soils.



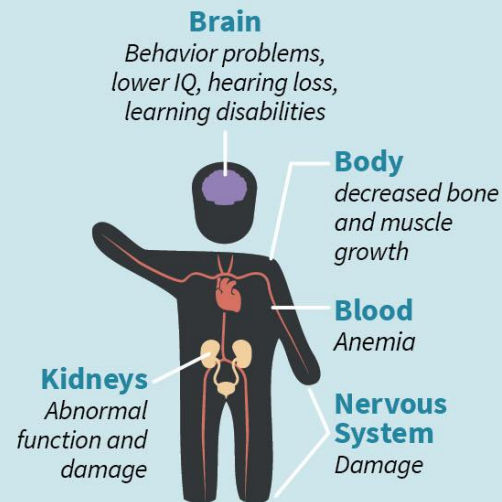
Health Impacts of Lead

ADULTS



Exposure to high levels of lead can cause severe damage to the brain, blood and kidneys. Children under six are most at risk from lead poisoning. Even low levels of lead exposure have been found to permanently reduce cognitive ability and cause hyperactivity in children.

CHILDREN





Lead in Toledo

- **73,690 housing units in Lucas County are at risk of exposing occupants to lead.**
- **In July 2017, Toledo received a \$2.9 million grant from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development to help reduce lead-based hazards in homes.**



We need your help!

YOUR JOB AS EARTH SCIENTISTS!

1. Go home, get permission slip signed.
2. Find a location around your house (drip zone or garden) and collect a soil sample.
3. Write where you collected your sample on the bag (address and type of sample).
4. Bring in the soil sample and signed permission slip back to school!



Where should I collect my sample?

- Drip Zone- 3-foot area surrounding the house.
- From your garden
- From next to a roadway

Avoid:

- Collecting mulch, roots, grass or added top soil.





How to collect a soil sample

- **Chose a location**
 - Drip zone, garden, next to the highway
- **Clear away mulch or grass and dig down about 2 inches**
- **Collect 6-8 spoonfulls of soil in the baggie.**
- **Seal the bag, and write your name, location (address), and sample type (drip zone, garden, etc.)**
- **WASH YOUR HANDS**
- **Bring the sample to your teacher with the signed permission slip.**

Soil Sampling

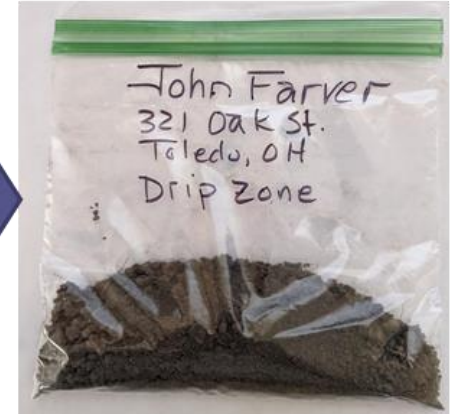
Measure



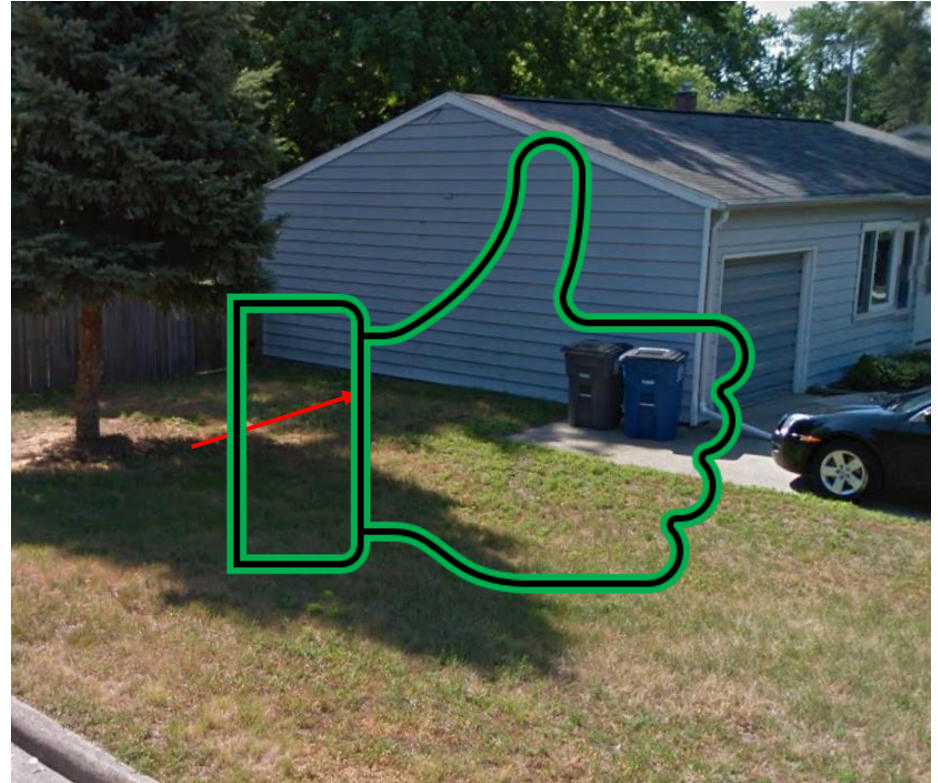
Dig Soil



Put Soil into Labeled Bag



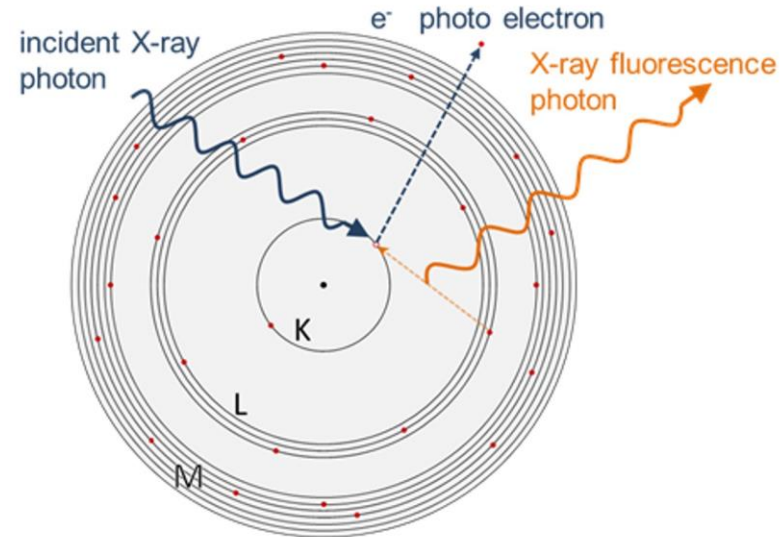
Is it a Good Soil Collecting Location?



Is it a Good Soil Collecting Location?



What will we do with the samples?





Questions?