Does it ever feel like your students

don't read your syllabus?









IT'S IN THE SYLLABUS

This message brought to you by every instructor that ever lived.

Creating Syllabi to Maximize Student Engagement & Motivation

MARY-JON LUDY Assistant Professor of Clinical Nutrition // BGSU

TIM BRACKENBURY Associate Professor of Communication Sciences & Disorders // BGSU

JOHN FOLKINS Professor of Communication Sciences & Disorders // BGSU

SUSAN PEET Senior Lecturer, Teaching & Learning and Family & Consumer Sciences // BGSU

STEPHEN LANGENDORFER Professor and Chair of Human Movement, Sport & Leisure Studies // BGSU

KARI BEINING Graduate Student Communication Sciences & Disorders Major // BGSU

Purposes of Syllabi

For instructors

- develop and organize the course
- communicate information

For students

- provide a map of the course
- specify rules and regulations
- communicate a schedule

For administration

verify the content and rigor of the course

Types of Syllabi

Contractual

sets forth expectations and guidelines

Learner-Centered

 assists students to become more effective learners

Promising

 presents the opportunities offered in the course and how they will be achieved

Types of Syllabi

Contractual

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Learner-Centered

• assists students to become more effective learners

Promising

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Engaging

- our addition
- contains elements of the other three
- includes visual and text elements designed to actively engage students in the course

Manipulable Elements of Syllabi

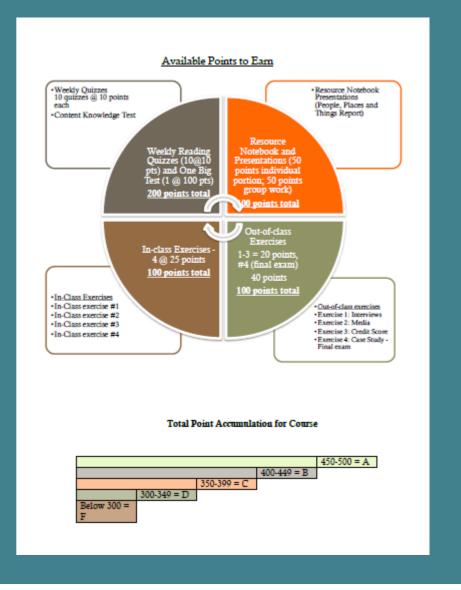
Detail

Focus

Information format

Tone

Course Requirements and the Accumulation of Points: Chapter discussion questions 10 points/10 chapters 100 pts. 100 pts. Exam covering concepts in Wealthy Barber Student handout and in-class presentation 100 pts. 5 out-of-class exercises (20 pts. each) 100 pts. 5 in-class assignments (10 pts. each) 50 pts. Book Report 50 pts. Total Course Points 500 pts. **Grade Equivalent of Total Points Earned** A = 450-500 B = 400-449 C = 350-399 D = 300-349 F = Below 299



Traditional

Text-heavy

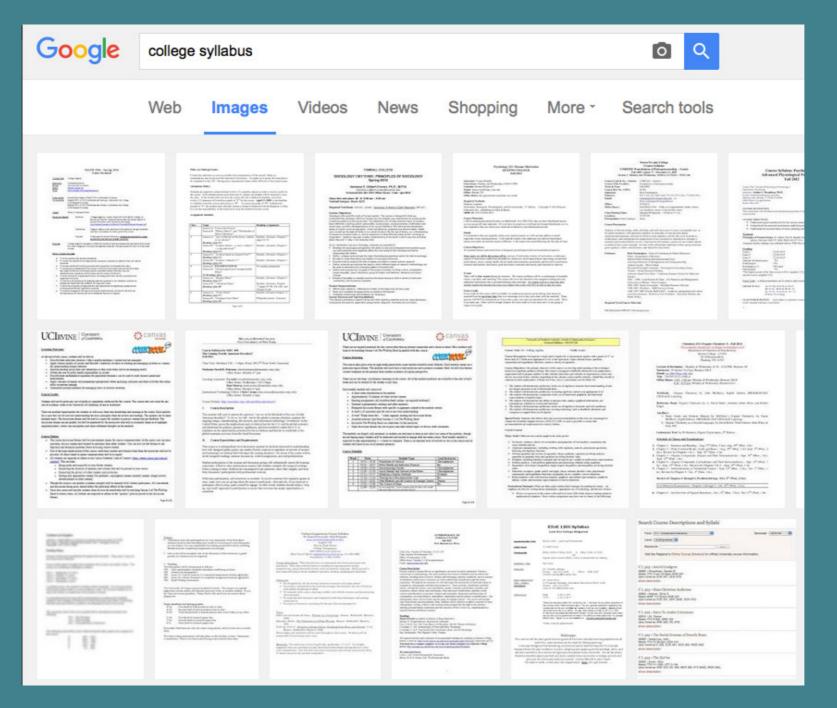
Black-and-white

Plain

Predictable

Printed on paper

Traditional



Traditional

Text-heavy

Black-and-white

Plain

Predictable

Printed on paper

Engaging

Graphic design elements:

tables, sidebars, charts, images, reduced text clutter

Full color

Eye-catching

Creative, personalized

Technology savvy, viewable online

FN 3100 Nutritional Assessment & Counseling Course Syllabus Spring 2012, T/Th 2:30-3:45PM **Business Administration Building, Room 102**

Instructor:

Mary-Jon Ludy, PhD, RD 16G FCS Building 419.372.6461 mludy@bgsu.edu

Office Hours:

T/Th 10:30AM-12:30PM & by appointment

Graduate Assistant:

Lara Fickes 206 FCS Building laraf@bgsu.edu

Office Hours: T 1:00-2:15PM

& by appointment

Course Description:

This course examines methods for evaluating nutritional status of individuals & population groups & techniques used in diet instruction in addition to methods of quality assurance, program evaluation, laws, regulations, & standards affecting dietetic practice.

Learning Outcomes:

Upon completion of this course the student will be able to:

- Describe the methods & limitations of nutritional status assessment techniques currently available
- Use techniques of dietary analysis appropriate for both individuals & groups
- Demonstrate the basic skills of interviewing, counseling, & nutritional assessment
- Discuss the limitations & appropriate applications of the Dietary Reference Intakes (DRI)
- Demonstrate knowledge of biochemical & clinical nutritional assessment
- Describe methods of quality assurance for nutritional assessment
- Demonstrate knowledge of reliability & validity as related to nutritional assessment techniques
- Demonstrate knowledge of nutrition education theory & techniques
- Critically evaluate research reported in the scientific literature

FN 3100 contributes to the following competencies required by the Accreditation Council for Education in Nutrition & Dietetics (ACEND):

- 1. Able to use current information technologies to locate & apply evidence-based guidelines & protocols
- 2. Demonstrate counseling techniques to facilitate behavior change
- 3. Able to develop an educational session or program/educational strategy for a target population
- 4. Able to explain the impact of a public policy position on dietetics practice
- 5. Able to explain the impact of health care policy & administration, differenr health care delivery systems & current reimbursement issues, policies & regulations on food & nutrition services

- *Lee, R. & Neiman, D. Nutritional Assessment. 5th ed., McGraw Hill, 2010
- **Snetselaar, L. Nutrition Counseling Skills for the Nutrition Care Process, 4th ed., Jones & Bartlett, 2009 (One copy of each text is on reserve in the Jerome Library & can be checked out in 2 hours increments.)

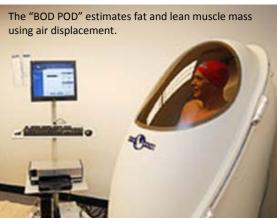
Nutritional Assessment and Counseling

FN 3100 SPRING 2014

TR 2:30-3:45PM

OLSCAMP 203

BOWLING GREEN STATE UNIVERSITY



Course Description and Objectives

This course examines methods for evaluating nutritional status of individuals and population groups and techniques used in diet instruction in addition to methods of quality assurance, program evaluation, laws, regulations, and standards affecting dietetic practice.

During this course, you will develop and enhance the following skills:

- Explain the impact of a public policy position on dietetics practice
- Explain the impact of health care policy and different health care delivery systems on food and nutrition services
- Identify and describe the roles of others with whom the Registered Dietitian collaborates in the delivery of food and nutrition services
- Use the nutrition care process to make decisions, to identify nutritionrelated problems and determine and evaluate nutrition interventions
- Demonstrate how to locate, interpret, evaluate, and use professional literature to make ethical evidence-based practice decisions
- Use current information technologies to locate and apply evidence-based guidelines and protocols

1

- Demonstrate counseling techniques to facilitate behavior change
- Demonstrate effective and professional oral and written communication and documentation
- Develop an educational session or program/educational strategy for a target population These competencies are in accordance with the Accreditation Council for Education in Nutrition and Dietetics' Core Knowledge for the RD guidelines

Course Details

Your Professor Dr. Mary-Jon Ludy, PhD, RD 16G FCS Building 419.372.6461 mludy@bgsu.edu

Office hours: TR 12-2 PM and by appointment



Your Graduate Assistant Kendal Shaffer MFN student 109 FCS Building kmshelt@bgsu.edu Office hours: R 11 AM-1 PM and by appointment



Syllabus Contents

Materials for Success.... 2

Taking This Course...

Revised 01/09/2012, Dr. Ludy pg 1

HDFS 3050: Family Resource Management Bowling Green State University Spring Semester, 2010

Susan H. Peet. Ph.D.

Office location: 110 Johnston Hall / 518 Education Bidg. Office phone: 372.8257 (primary phone) / 372.4643

speet@bgsu.edu

Office hours: 8:30-11:00 and 1:00-4:00 M and other times by appointment

Course time: MWF 11:30-12:20 Course location: 111 Hayes Hall

Required text: Chilton, David (1998). The Wealthy Barber. (3rd Edition). Roseville, California;

Prima Publishing. ISBN: 0-7615-1311-6

Materials Needed: Access to a computer with Internet connections to utilize Blackboard

communications

Copies (approximately 4-6 pages x 55 students) - Technology fee does not cover

making 240 copies at one time so please budget for this expense.

HDFS 3050, Family Resource Management (3) Spring. Families' allocation of Course Description:

human and non-human resources. Prerequisites: HDFS 1060, 2020. and

sophomore status.

Course Alm: This course examines how families allocate resources using a life span

human development perspective. Emphasis will be placed on goal setting, decision making, and consumer issues, policies, and decisions.

Student Learning Outcomes

identify, describe, and analyze the allocation of resources within various

family structures to maximize benefits to families.

Apply decision-making model to diverse family structures to assist in goal-

setting and achievement.

Examine consumer issues, policies, and decisions emphasizing ecological, systemic, and contextual factors.

Communicate orally and in writing by reading, listening, and articulating information, ideas, thoughts, and conclusions about family resource

Learning Objectives for HDFS Majors:

The Human Development and Family Studies (HDFS) major is designed to provide students with an in-depth understanding of individuals and families, the dynamics of relationships, and environmental contexts affecting children, families, and community services. The curriculum emphasizes the development of critical thinking, analytic communication, and management skills as well as current knowledge and theory in life span human and family development.

Learning Outcomes for HDF\$ Majors

At the completion of a baccalaureale degree in human development and family studies graduates will be able to:

- Demonstrate substantive knowledge in life-span development and family science that is based on research and theory emphasizing ecological, systemic, and contextual factors.
- Apply an ecological model to the development of collaborative partnerships in a community

HDFS 3050: Family Resource Management

Susan H. Peet, Ph.D. – (speet@bgsu.edu) Kiersten Fenske – UGTA – (kfenske@bgsu.edu)

Fall Semester 2013

Course Description: Families'

allocation of human and non-human resources.

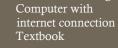
Prerequisites: HDFS 1060, 2020 and sophomore status.

Course Aim:

This course examines how families allocate resources using a life span human development perspective. Emphasis will be placed on goal setting, decision-

making and consumer issues, policies and decisions.







Syllabus

HONORS 2010-1002: Introduction to Critical Thinking

Fall Semester 2013 (4 credit hours)

Instructor: John Wm. Folkins, Ph.D.

Position: Professor

Office: 251 Health Center
Phone: 419 372 8024
Cell Phone: 419 262 2699
Email: folkins@bgsu.edu
acilitator: Skye McCullough

Peer Facilitator: Skye McCulloug Phone: 724 980 0032

Email: /24 980 0032 Email: smccull@bgsu.edu

Class Schedule: M,T,W,Th 10:30 to 11:20

Class Location: 261 Harshman

Course Description:

HONORS 2010 is a course designed to cover the basic aspects of critical thinking. As defined in your textbook: "Critical thinking consists of an awareness of a set of interrelated critical questions, plus the ability and willingness to ask and answer them at appropriate times." It is the mental ability to recognize the main point in any argument, to analyze the reasons offered, and to form conclusions and arguments of your own. It is also the ability to produce and refine your own arguments in a persuasive and powerful way. Further, critical thinking involves considering and evaluating the values that underlie arguments and examining your own values in the context of such arguments.

Course Objectives/Learning Outcomes:

You will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate an understanding of the theory and practice of critical thinking as applied to any argument.
- 2. Recognize and describe values that arise in the methods or content of any subject area. A value is a principle, standard, or quality considered worthwhile or desirable.
- 3. Identify ways in which these sometimes unexamined values shape or relate to academic and public discussion of issues relevant to today's citizens.

Critical Thinking Introduction to

Honors 2010

Fall Semester 2013

Four Credit Hours

M, T, W, Th 10:30 to 11:20

261 Harshman





Course Description

HONORS 2010 is a course designed to cover the basic aspects of critical thinking. As defined in your textbook: "Critical thinking consists of an awareness of a set of interrelated critical questions, plus the ability and willingness to ask and answer them at appropriate times." It is the mental ability to recognize the main point in any argument, to analyze the reasons offered, and to form conclusions and arguments of your own. It is also the ability to produce and refine your own arguments in a persuasive and powerful way. Further, critical thinking involves considering and evaluating the values that underlie arguments and examining your own values in the context of such arguments.



Instructor: John Wm. Folkins, Ph.D.

Position: Professor

Office: 251 Health Center Phone: 419 372 8024 Cell Phone: 419 262 2699 Email: folkins@bgsu.edu

1

Course Syllabus CDIS 311: Phonological Assessment and Intervention Spring 2009

Tim Brackenbury, Ph.D., CCC-SLP Instructor:

Class Meeting: M, W, F 10:30 – 11:20, 221 OLSC

Office: 246 Health Center Building

Phone: 372-7188

E-Mail: tbracke@bgsu.edu

Office Hours: Mondays 2:30 to 3:30, Wednesdays 11:30 to 12:30, and by appointment

Required Text: Bauman-Waengler, J. (2007). Articulatory and Phonological Impairments:

A Clinical Focus (3rd ed.). Boston: Allyn & Bacon

Supplemental Readings: Textbook and notes from Phonetics (CDIS 224)

Additional readings will be posted on Blackboard

Student Outcomes:

The primary objective of this class is to change the way that you think about speech.

In doing so, we are going to focus on more than just definitions and facts. These pieces of information are important, but they alone will not make you the outstanding speech clinician and/or researcher that you can be. Successful speech clinicians/researchers

- 1) know the relevant information
- 2) can identify what they do not know or understand
- 3) seek out the answers to these issues
- 4) systematically determine the appropriate course of action.

The following specific goals will be addressed to improve your abilities in all four of these areas. By the end of this experience you will be able to

- a) understand the nature of phonological assessment and intervention, including productive knowledge and use of the key terms in the field.
- b) design an assessment protocol, based on intake information about a child, that is effective and efficient.
- c) transcribe and analyze a data set of a child's speech productions and determine the patterns of phonological use and misuse.
- use a child's phonological profile to select a treatment approach that is effective and efficient.
- read with specific intent and purpose.
- examine and explore your current methods and procedures for solving complex problems, and be able to revise them and integrate new methods as needed.

CDIS 3110

Phonological Assessment & Intervention

Spring 2014

Tuesdays & Thursdays 11:30 - 12:45

Olscamp 203

Passion, analysis, and disciplined creativity pave the path from student to professional Becoming a professional is more than just memorizing

information. It involves a passion for helping people with disabilities. It requires complex evaluations and analyses of clients' skills. And, it necessitates disciplined creativity to develop intervention plans that are maximally effective.

The purpose of this course is to facilitate your development in all three of these areas. To do so, we are going to focus on more than just definitions and facts. Knowledge is important, but it alone will not make you the outstanding clinician and/or researcher that you can be. Instead, we will learn by following the processes of clinical assessment and intervention. This will lead to you acquiring knowledge and skills that are deep, lasting, and relevant to your professional



Tim Brackenbury Ph.D., CCC-SLP

246 Health and Human Services Building

419.372.7188

tbracke@bgsu.edu

Bowling Green State University

Office Hours

Tuesdays

1:00 - 2:00

Wednesdays

3:30 - 4:30

By the end of this experience you will:

• understand the nature of • transcribe and analyze phonological assessment and intervention, including productive knowledge and use of the key terms in the field design an assessment protocol, based on intake information about a

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efficient

- a data set of a child's speech productions and determine the patterns of phonological use and misuse
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- read with specific intent and purpose
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- evaluate and improve upon your own ideas, as well as those of your peers
- increase your passion for this field and your selfconfidence as a clinician



Table of Contents:

Course Design 2 Requirements 2 Foundational Activities 3 Application Quests 4 Grading Scale 4



About Dr. B. 4 Past Student Quotes 5 Disabilities & Honesty 5 License & Technology 6 Class Schedule 6 "The first time I read the course syllabus, I was impressed by the way it is organized. It is very encouraging, supportive, and full of excitement and energy that pushes the student to read and enjoy

CDIS 3110

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Spring 2014

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Olscamp 203

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tbracke@bgsu.edu

Bowling Green State University

By the end of this experience you will:

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 - of phonological use and misuse use a child's phonological profile to select a information about a treatment approach that is child, that is effective and effective and efficient
 - read with specific intent and purpose

a data set of a child's

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determine the patterns

- examine and explore your current methods and procedures for solving complex problems, and be able to revise them and integrate new methods as needed
- evaluate and improve upon your own ideas, as well as those of your peers
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Office Hours

efficient

Course Design 2 Requirements 2 Foundational Activities 3 Application Quests 4 Grading Scale 4



About Dr. B. 4 Past Student Quotes 5 Disabilities & Honesty 5 License & Technology 6 Class Schedule 6

Tuesdays 1:00 - 2:00

Wednesdays 3:30 - 4:30

What is your reaction to the Engaging syllabus?

What impacts do you think its design might have on student engagement and motivation?

Student Responses to Traditional and Engaging Syllabi

Research Questions

Does syllabus type affect students'

- abilities to navigate and learn information?
- impressions of the course instructor?
- desire to take a course?

Student Responses to Traditional and Engaging Syllabi

Method: Present 23 item survey of students in FN 2070

- general syllabus use
- present interest in FN 3100 an non-required course the participants are eligible for
- reactions to FN3100 syllabus
 content // instructor // readability
- interest in FN3100 after reading its syllabus
- background information

Student Responses to Traditional and Engaging Syllabi

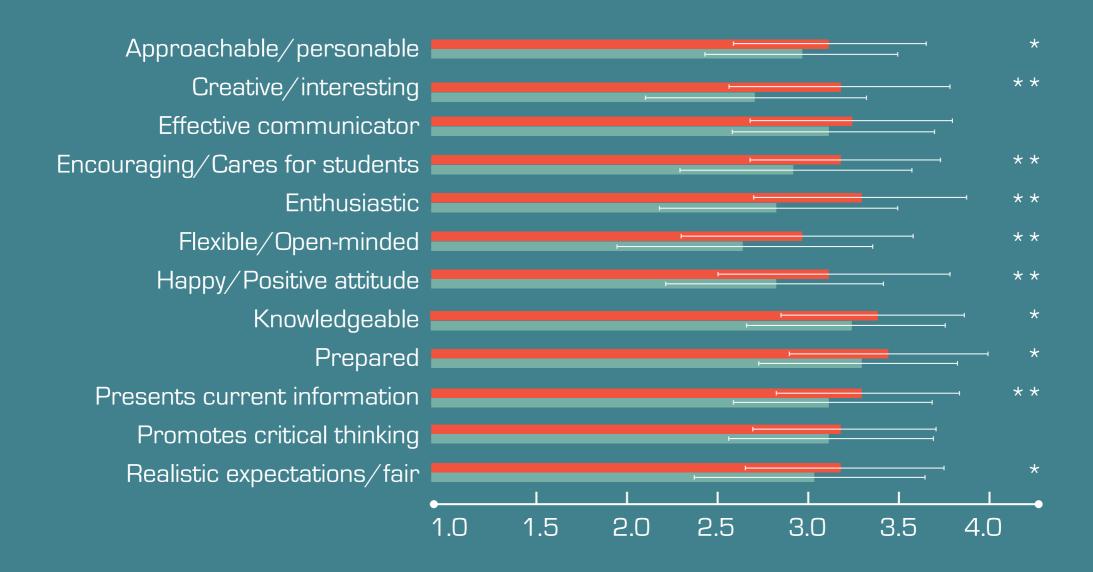
Method :: 2 separate sections of FN 2070 completed the survey in response to

- a Traditional, high-quality FN 3100 syllabus
- an Engaging, high-quality FN3100 syllabus

Participant Background

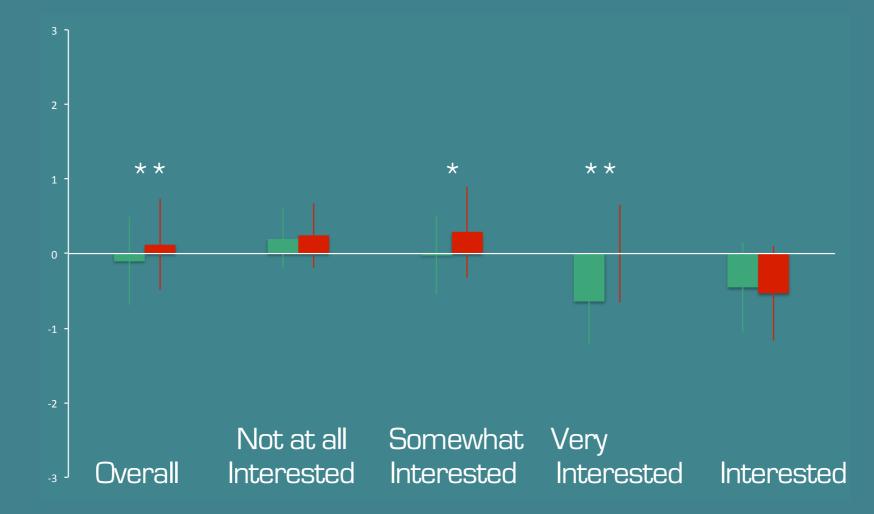
| | Traditional n= 145 | Engaging n=114 | |
|---------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--|
| Response Rate | 77.0% | 72.7% | |
| Age | 19.7±2.5 | 19.6±1.4 | |
| % Female | 72.6% | 76.3% | |
| % Caucasion | 87.0% | 85.1% | |
| | | | |

Impressions about the Course Instructor



Interest in Course Based on Syllabus Design





GENERAL STATEMENTS

Traditional :: It did not seem to be any different from other syllabi that I have come across in my college career.

Engaging: This syllabus is like no other syllabus I have received in college.

ARTISTIC IMPRESSIONS

Traditional :: None.

Engaging :: I like that it is almost designed like a newsletter. It draws the student in and encourages them to refer to it more often, in my opinion.

COURSE COMPONENTS

Traditional :: I liked that it laid out what was going on week-by-week including what the topic was, what to read, and what was due.

Engaging :: I feel as though most syllabi follow the same pattern with office hours, assignment dates and the grading scale etc. There is certain information they have to convey so they can't be too different.

DESIGN FEATURES

Traditional :: It is very clear, organized, and to the point.

Engaging :: I also like that it highlights key information with different colors, text, highlighting, and the use of underlining or bold print.

USABILITY

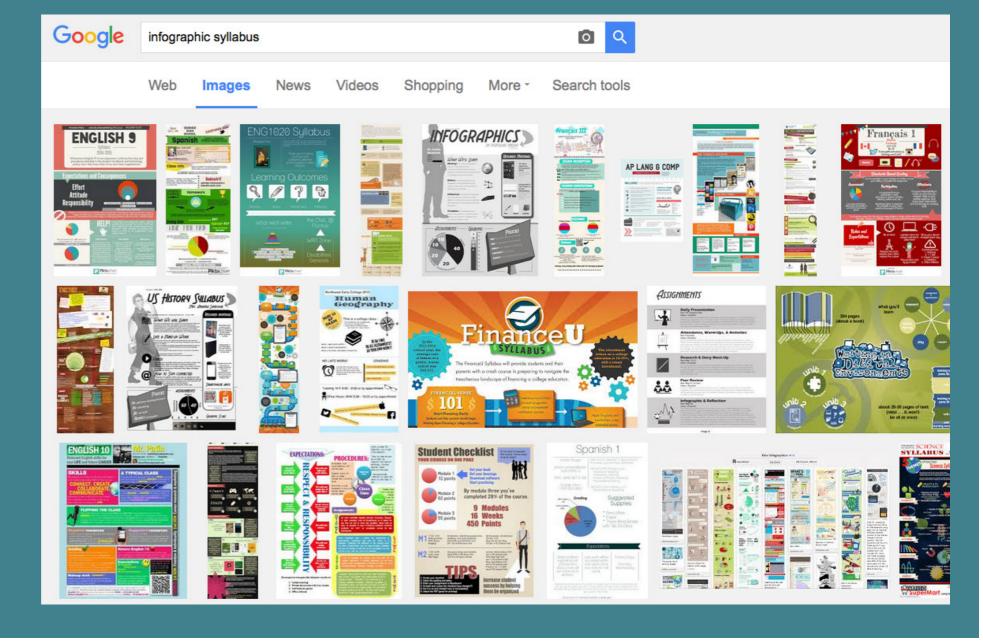
Traditional :: It is easy to find information you're looking for as long as you're willing to read through everything or skim for key words.

Engaging :: I like the idea that someone is trying to make the syllabus more user friendly. That may not directly answer your question but, focusing on usability is a great start.

Suggestions from these results

- The Engaging syllabus is interesting and motivativing
- Syllabus formatting influences first impressions of the instructor
- Students expect certain components within a syllabus
- Adding visual and design elements draws students in
- Too much or too confusing design is unwelcome

Other Engaging
Syllabi
Google Infographic syllabus



Other Engaging Syllabi

Amanda Atkins amanda.atkins@tellcity.k12.in.us 812-547-3131

2014-2015

Welcome to English 9! In my classroom, I enforce the rules and procedures detailed in the student handbook and technology policy, but I also have a few of my own basic expectations.

Expectations and Consequences

Effort Attitude Responsibility



Nonverbal Warning Verbal Warning Lunch Conference

Discipline Report Disciplinary Actions

Plagiarism and other forms of cheating will not be tolerated. All submissions that share the ideas, words, or images of another person's work without crediting the source will earn a 0% with one opportunity for submission. Resubmitted work will be subject to a letter grade deduction after the work is scored for quality.



Extra Help: If you need extra help, I will be available before school from 7:30 – 8:00 and after school until 3:30. I request that you not disrespect other teachers by leaving their classes to work on my assignments. Every subject matters!

Formal Assessments (50%) Coursework (30%) Daily Participation (10%) III Homework (10%)



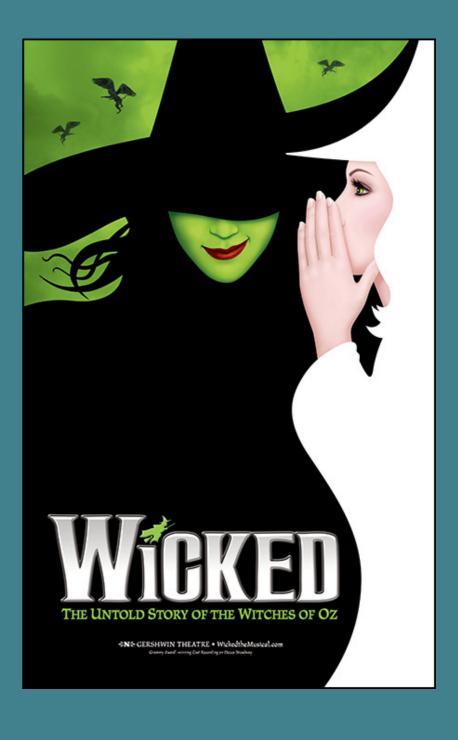


Workshop: Transform a syllabus from traditional to Engaging

Work in groups to chane the syllabus for CDIS 4760: Introduction to Research

good





CONTRAST

OLOR OLO

TONE/VALUE



DIRECTION

Unique elements in a design should stand apart from one another. One way to do this is to use contrast. Good contrast in a design – which can be achieved using elements like color, tone, size, and more – allows the viewer's eye to flow naturally.

To the left, you can see 4 ways to create contrast in your design.

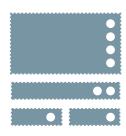


REPETITION

Repetition breeds cohesiveness in a design. Once a design pattern has been established – for example, a dotted border or a specific typographic styling – repeat this pattern to establish consistency.

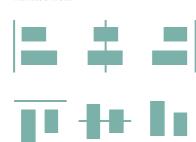
The short version?

Establish a style for each element in a design and use it on similar elements.



ZMENT

Proper alignment in a design means that every element in it is visually connected to another element. Alignment allows for cohesiveness; nothing feels out of place or disconnected when alignment has been handled well.







Proximity allows for visual unity in a design. If two elements are related to each other, they should be placed in close proximity to one another. Doing so minimizes visual clutter, emphasizes organization, and increases viewer comprehension.

Imagine how ridiculous it would be if the proximity icons on this graphic were located on the other side of this document.



Contrast

Making elements different increases understanding.

Repetition

Repeat visual elements to create strong unity.

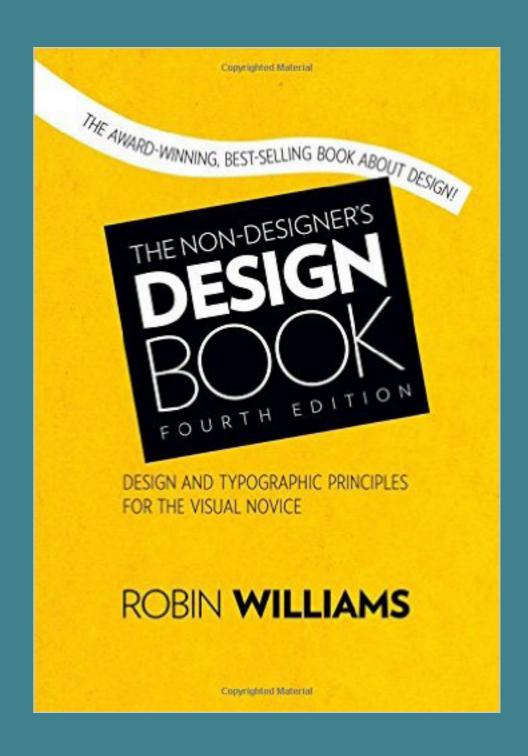
Alignment

Nothing should be placed arbitrarily. Placement illustrates relationships between elements.

Proximity

Related items should be placed together.

Design Resource



Technology Resources

PDF file to an interactive flipping book converter

FlipSnack (www.flipsnack.com)

URL shorteners

- Bitly (www.bitly.com)
- TinyURL (www.tinyurl.com)

QR code generator

QR Stuff (www.qrstuff.com)

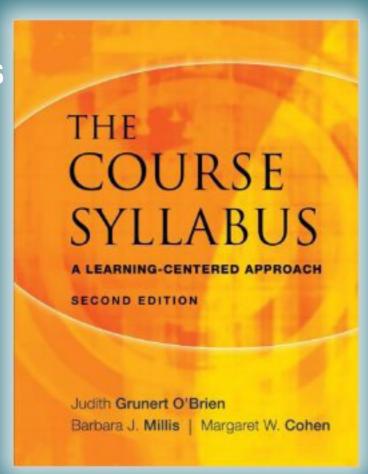


Syllabus Resources

University of Minnesota's Syllabus Web Tutorial www.umn.edu/ohr/teachlearn/tutorials/syllabus

Worcester State University faculty member, Tona Hangen's website and blog www.tonahangen.com

Brown University's
"Constructing a Syllabus" Handbook
www.brown.edu/Administration/
Sheridan_Center/docs/syllabus.pdf



What is your general reaction to the concept of an engaging syllabus?

Do you think you might be interested in using an engaging syllabus for a class you teach? Why or why not?

Challenge

Connecting students to their college experience, one syllabus at a time.