

How COVID-19 Impacted Quality of Life Among Older Adults Receiving Home-Delivered Meals: An Interprofessional Examination

Introduction

During COVID-19:

- The percentage of food-insecure older adults rose from 7-25% (Blancato & Whitmire, 2021)
- Social distancing worsened isolation, emotional health, and food insecurity (Munger et al., 2023)

This study examines the pandemic's effects on wellness across six dimensions: physical, social, intellectual, emotional, spiritual, and vocational.

Research Questions

- 1. What is the 3-year retrospective impact of the pandemic on older adults' functional abilities, physical activity, mental health (depression and isolation), life satisfaction, pain experiences, and fall risks?
- 2. What is older adults' current use of and access to technology, food, and future wellness?

Methods

- 14 older adults participated in phone interviews focused on self-care, social contact, healthcare, chronic pain, technology, religion and spirituality, work experience and current hobbies, neighborhood safety, and HDM recommendations.
- Interviews were conducted in-person or over the phone, with audio recordings and transcriptions utilized for thematic analysis

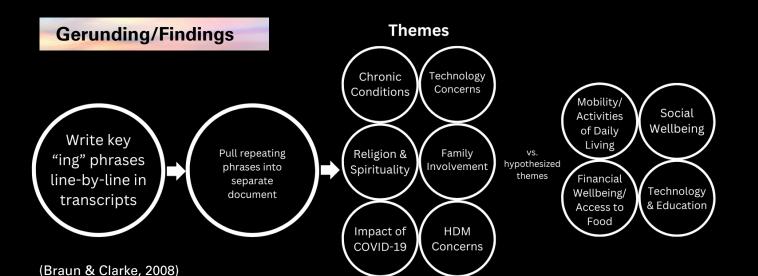
Implications

Negatively impacted by COVID-19:

- Functional abilities, including physical activity
- Mental health
- Life satisfaction
- Access to healthcare

Technology, Food, Wellness

- Need for accessible, low-cost technology support services
- Increase in-person interactions with paid and volunteer supports
- Foster in-person congregate meals to increase social wellbeing



References

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