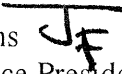


November 7, 2006

MEMORANDUM

TO: Ewart Skinner
Telecommunications

FROM: John W. Folkins 
Provost and Vice President for Academic Affairs

RE: Updates to Promotion and Tenure Document

Your recent revision to your unit's promotion and tenure document has been reviewed and approved at all levels. This represents a significant step forward for the University, as it creates an unambiguous standard for the recognition of engaged activities. Although all agree that engagement with community partners is not necessary for successful fulfillment of faculty duties in teaching, research, and service, the revision of the promotion and tenure documents opens the door to allow, recognize, and encourage faculty to engage with community partners in all their scholarly undertakings.

C: D. Nieman
O. Boyd-Barrett
D. Madigan

Preamble: The purposes of this document are:

- a) to guide and assist faculty and their academic units in the development of contract renewal, promotion and tenure policies;
- b) to promote, protect, and ensure that the policies and processes so delineated reflect the autonomy and unique characteristics of the academic units;
- c) to assure that faculty personnel processes are reflective of the current BGSU vision statement;
- d) to assure that internal faculty peer review and judgment that lie at the core of our values are maintained in reappointment, promotion and tenure decisions;
- e) to ensure that all faculty experience fair, equitable and consistent processes in the evaluations that take place at their career mileposts, and
- f) to ensure that the relevant sections of the Academic Charter are followed.

DEPARTMENTAL POLICIES FOR ANNUAL REVIEW, CONTRACT RENEWAL, PROMOTION, AND TENURE OF TENURED AND PROBATIONARY FACULTY ¹

Department of Telecommunications
School of Communication Studies
College of Arts and Sciences
Bowling Green State University
2006

I. Department Policy

The Department of Telecommunications explains by means of this policy statement the procedures, criteria, and standards that it will use in the annual evaluation of tenured and probationary faculty for promotion, tenure, and contract renewal. This statement complies with the policies of the Board of Trustees of Bowling Green State University, the Academic Charter, and the College of Arts and Sciences. This statement is provided to all faculty in the department upon request and a copy is maintained in the School office. It has been approved by the faculty of the department in accord with department policies.

A. Vision Statement

The department recognizes that in matters relating to contract renewal, promotion, and tenure of faculty, Bowling Green State University supports performance consistent with the University's aspiration to be the premier learning community in Ohio and one of the best in the nation. As defined by the Academic Charter (Article II.A, Section A), "The persons who create and maintain the University constitute the University Community. There are five groups within this Community: students, faculty, administrators, administrative staff and classified staff." To achieve its objectives, the University expects faculty participation in the interdependent areas of teaching, research/creative work, and service that is of the highest quality, grounded in intellectual discovery, and guided by

¹ This document was approved by the Faculty Senate on April 15, 1997. The procedural portions of this document (found in I-B of the Academic Charter) may be amended by the Faculty Senate when the document entitled "Review Process for Contract Renewal, Tenure and Promotion of Tenured and Probationary Faculty" prepared by the Task Force on Tenure Promotion and Merit and the Faculty Welfare Committee is debated at future meetings of the Faculty Senate.

rational discourse and civility. The essence of this department's evaluation process is to improve faculty members' performance through appropriate evaluation and timely feedback. Careful and consistent application of the criteria and standards in evaluating faculty performance in teaching, research/creative work, and service are of fundamental importance in achieving the department's mission and in protecting the rights of the individual faculty member. Department review processes are to be conducted clearly, openly, responsibly, and fairly.

In the spirit of open and responsible review, it should be recognized that some faculty make essential contributions to the University community through their participation in the University's interdisciplinary programs. Joint and dual appointments as defined in the Academic Charter (section B.I.A.2 and B.I.A.3) have been developed to provide structures for those faculty appointments wherein a faculty member may distribute his/her teaching, research/creative, and service activities across colleges, departments, and/or programs. Thus the evaluation for promotion and tenure, of faculty members with joint and dual appointments (Academic Charter section B.I.D.3) should include representation from all of the colleges, departments, and/or programs in which the faculty member serves. The chairs and directors of the departments and interdisciplinary programs in which a probationary faculty member participates should co-author a retention plan that clearly expresses the expectations of each unit and sets clear standards for promotion and tenure.

B. The Academic Charter

The University Policy on Faculty Appointment and Tenure (section B-I.C) and the statement on Evaluation of Faculty Personnel (section B-I.D), as contained in the Academic Charter, identify the three relevant evaluation criteria as teaching, research/creative work, and service and define the basic requirements for contract renewal, tenure, and promotion. As stated in the Academic Charter (section B-I.D.2a), for promotion policies "An academic unit may develop a promotion policy with more specific or more rigorous criteria in teaching, service, or scholarly activity, provided that such criteria are equitable and appropriate and provided that they do not conflict with the criteria below. More specific or more rigorous criteria shall be ratified by the majority of the faculty members of the academic unit." As stated in the Academic Charter for tenure policies, section B-I.D.2 b, "An academic unit may develop . . . more precise statements of what is expected under teaching effectiveness, scholarly or creative activity, or service, but may not add other criteria. All such statements shall be approved by the tenured faculty of the appropriate academic unit. . ." These criteria and standards allow for differentiation among faculty members with regard to their roles and contributions within the department in fulfillment of the department, college and University mission.

1. Faculty Appointments

The Academic Charter (B-I.C.2) defines two types of faculty appointments (tenure track and non-tenure track) and distinguishes between two types of tenure track appointment (probationary and tenured). Non-tenure track appointments are discussed in Section B-I.C.2.a of the Academic Charter. Probationary appointments and the policies associated with them are described in Section B-I.C.2.b of the Academic Charter. Tenured appointments and the policies associated with such appointments are described in Section B-I.C.3 of the Academic Charter, which includes

statements on the meaning, obligations, and termination of tenure.

2. Annual Review for Reappointment

The Academic Charter mandates a comprehensive annual review of all non-tenure track continuing faculty members in Section B-I.D.4 (Instructor) or Section B-I.D.5 (Lecturer), and of probationary tenure track faculty members in B-I.D.2.b. For probationary faculty members, the overriding question to be considered by the department and the dean during the annual review is whether or not the candidate is making satisfactory progress toward tenure. Probationary faculty members who are awarded two or three-year contracts shall be reviewed during the last year of the contract to determine whether the candidate is making satisfactory progress toward tenure and whether the contract shall be renewed.

3. Review for Tenure

The department has the primary responsibility for evaluating probationary faculty for tenure. In addition to annual reviews, the Academic Charter at B-I.D.2.b.(2) mandates that a probationary faculty member be evaluated no later than the next-to-last year of the probationary appointment. Probationary faculty members may seek tenure at any time during the probationary period. Because department and college review committees apply tenure standards without discounted expectations based on a shorter probationary period, faculty members are discouraged from seeking early tenure decisions unless there are compelling reasons for doing so.

4. Review for Promotion

The department also has the primary responsibility for the comprehensive review of all faculty members nominated for promotion. The qualifications for assistant professor, associate professor, and professor are described in B-I.D.2.a.(1).(b), (c), and (d) of the Academic Charter. The department may stipulate criteria and standards for promotion that differentiate among the ranks with regard to their expected contributions to the department's performance as long as those criteria and standards do not conflict with the provisions of the Academic Charter and of the College.

II. Allocation of Effort

Each faculty member needs to allocate time and effort to a wide range of teaching, research/creative, and service obligations that promote the mission and goals of the University, college, and department. All faculty members have a right to know what allocations of effort are expected of them and to understand how departmental expectations, evaluative criteria, performance indicators, and weightings will be used in assessing their performance.

A. Departmental Norms

The department expects its faculty to maintain a standard allocation of effort that approximates 40% teaching, 40% research/creative work, and 20% service.² These weights will apply to most faculty who are carrying full teaching loads as defined by

department policy and School of Communication Studies norms. Modification of the allocation of effort for a faculty member who receives released time from teaching duties for administrative responsibilities, research, service, differential faculty workload policies, or reduced workloads or leaves granted by the academic charter or special projects needs to be specified and agreed upon at the time of assignment and at any rate no later than the beginning of the academic year. Probationary faculty will be evaluated for tenure based upon the department's standard allocation of effort, except as outlined in Section B.

B. Individual Variations

The department's standard allocation of effort applies to all faculty in the department unless specific, formal agreements are made to the contrary. All individual variations must be in accord with the School's differential faculty workload policies, or reduced workloads, or leaves granted by the Academic Charter made in writing, signed by both the faculty member and the department chair, and endorsed in writing by the dean of the college. Faculty on leave shall have the right to determine with the department chair the appropriate variation in the standard departmental allocation of effort in accordance with the purpose of the leave.

Although all percentage allocations are approximations and not exact time measurements, reasonable attempts must be made to insure that a faculty member's allocation of effort is consistent with his/her actual distribution of workload for instruction, research/creative work, and service responsibilities. Unless otherwise specified in writing, a faculty member's allocation of effort will be considered to apply as an average over the period of any given academic year or contract period.

² Consistent with the University Vision Statement of becoming the premier learning community in Ohio and one of the best in the nation, the following suggested principle shall guide allocation policy for the department as a whole: [a] allocations for teaching and research should each exceed the allocation for service; [b] except for doctoral granting departments, the allocation for teaching should equal or exceed that for research; [c] doctoral-granting departments should place greater weight on research [perhaps 40% teaching, 40% research, 20% service] than nondoctoral departments [where the allocation might be 50 % teaching, 30% research, 20% service]. Allocations established by departments are subject to review by the dean of the college and by the Provost and Vice President for Academic Affairs.

III. Evaluation of Teaching Effectiveness

Domains used in the evaluation of teaching include: undergraduate teaching; graduate teaching; instructional development; and other contributions to student learning, including accredited university workshops. Beginning in the first year of a teaching appointment, faculty must create and maintain an up-to-date teaching portfolio that contains written records pertaining to their teaching. The portfolio will be used by reviewers as the primary source of information for the evaluation of teaching. The department may obtain additional information from other sources to the extent that the information contained in a teaching portfolio is incomplete with respect to any of the domains or performance indicators applied.

A. Undergraduate Teaching

Given the department's involvement in undergraduate degree programs, it considers high quality undergraduate instruction to be a principal component of a faculty member's record of teaching. Performance indicators that are used in the evaluation of undergraduate teaching include: statements of teaching philosophy and pedagogy; self-

evaluations of teaching effectiveness; results of student evaluations of courses taught; student/teacher e-mail archives or listprocs; peer teaching observations and evaluations; exit interviews; documentation of student learning outcomes (such as results of standardized assessment measures and graduate follow-up studies); student enrollment and retention data; supervision of internships; appropriate contributions to the recruitment, retention, and advising of students; teaching awards and distinctions; and other relevant written statements from colleagues, students, and others concerning preparedness and effectiveness in teaching;³ and for those engaged in the Scholarship of Engagement, potential contribution to student learning through service learning and/or student participation in faculty research and/or service or other ways in which this scholarship overlaps or informs teaching.

B. Graduate Teaching

Given the department's involvement in graduate degree programs at the masters/doctoral level(s), it expects that all faculty also will contribute to the learning of graduate students. Based upon one's area of research/creative expertise and its relationship to the focus of the graduate program, faculty should provide formal graduate instruction through regular courses and seminars and make appropriate contributions to the recruitment, retention,

³ Departments are expected to use no fewer than three of the performance indicators in the evaluation of undergraduate teaching effectiveness.

advising, and placement of graduate students. Faculty with appropriate areas of expertise are expected to participate in the direction of theses and/or dissertations and to serve on committees of students being directed by other faculty. In addition to the indicators of teaching effectiveness required above that are applicable to graduate instruction, faculty members should maintain, as part of their teaching portfolio, at least the following performance indicators: mentoring of students presenting at regional or national conferences; numbers of theses/comprehensive exams and dissertations directed; numbers of preliminary exams graded; numbers of independent studies; numbers of thesis and dissertation committees joined; dates of graduation of directed students; and record of extramural support secured for graduate students.⁴

Those engaged in the Scholarship of Engagement should provide information about the ways in which this scholarship overlaps or informs teaching or contributes to student learning through service learning and/or student participation in faculty research and / or service.

C. Instructional Development

Departmental faculty are expected to devote professional development efforts to continuously improve the curriculum as well as their own teaching methods and effectiveness. Performance indicators that are used in the evaluation of instructional development include: course outlines, syllabi, and other items that demonstrate the nature of instruction and range of courses taught; independent studies offered to students; the development of new courses or the improvement of existing courses; conferences and workshops attended, courses taken, or other professional development activities to enhance teaching skills; and innovations in the effective use of instructional technology and resources to promote active student learning.

1.) Contributions to Student Learning

Faculty members make other contributions to student learning and development that fall outside the traditional domains of curriculum and instruction. Performance indicators that are used to evaluate such contributions include: academic advising services provided to students; student internships, or co-operative work experiences; integration of service learning into classes; inclusion of students in community engagement projects; involvement in clubs, organizations, and activities promoting faculty-student interaction; participation in University initiatives to create a campus wide learning community; involvement in activities to promote departmental programs and services to prospective students; participation in University, college, or departmental projects to assess the effectiveness of teaching and learning; and other pedagogical activities that contribute to effective teaching.

In addition to the foregoing, a candidate may submit and request that the department consider other evidence of achievement in teaching that is appropriate to his/her specific case. The question to be considered by the department in its evaluation of teaching is this: Is the faculty member's demonstrated performance in teaching consistent with the general standards for reappointment, promotion, or tenure as described in the University's governance documents and supportive of the instructional mission of the department, college, and University?

⁴ Allocations established by departments are subject to review and concurrence by the dean of the college and by the Provost and vice President for Academic Affairs.

IV. Evaluation of Research/Creative Work

Making significant contributions to the knowledge base or the creative practice of one's discipline is a central responsibility of all faculty members. Such contributions are important both in their own right, and because they are an essential qualification for instructing others at a university. Thus, achievement in this area is vital to the Department's evaluation of faculty members who are under review for reappointment, promotion, or tenure. Domains used in the evaluation of research/creative work include: publications/presentations at national conferences; sponsored program extramural support; institutional outreach, including university sanctioned "Scholarship of Engagement; and reputation within the discipline.

As a means of facilitating the evaluation, faculty members should maintain a record of their research/creative work that addresses the performance indicators used for evaluation using the standards below.

A. Publications/Presentations/Performances

Publication and presentation are the primary products of any research/creative work and thus central to its evaluation. Publications in peer-reviewed journals or symposium volumes or performances, exhibitions in peer-reviewed settings that are traditional indicators of scholarly achievement are especially significant. The most important research of any faculty member is from a dominant focus area of research that was clearly evident at his/her original date of hire. Lower acceptance rates are judged more prestigious than higher acceptance rates. Established refereed publications and settings are considered more prestigious and valuable than ones very recently conceived. Also noteworthy in one's general research area is the publication of books, invited book chapters, monographs, and other publications like symposium volumes, presentations,

pedagogical research, and performances resulting from applied research, “Scholarship of Engagement”, and consulting. Research/creative work should show evidence of originality and importance. This is demonstrated by the prestige of the setting and the impact on the work of others in the discipline. National settings and publishing venues are more significant than regional settings/venues. Cross-disciplinary work in refereed publications is also valued equal to disciplinary research. Collaboration is encouraged but greater weight is assigned to single-authored and first-authored works, unless a system of alphabetization is used where no one else is designated as primary author. Consistency of research/creative output is highly valued.

B. Sponsored Program Extramural Support for Research or Creative Work

In addition to supporting research, securing extramural support is an important external validation of the quality of research and creative activity. While no specific quantity of extramural research support is required for reappointment, promotion, or tenure, department expectations are based upon norms appropriate to the discipline. Performance indicators include: number of grant applications submitted; agency reviewers’ evaluations of the proposal; significance and scope of the project; research funds awarded; and performance of duties as principal investigator for funded projects.

C. Institutional Outreach

Given the University’s commitment to public service and community engagement, faculty members may direct their scholarship/creative work toward applied and engaged scholarship as well as basic research and creative activity. As noted in the report of the Standards Committee on the Scholarship of Engagement (August 1, 2005), “Scholarship of Engagement addresses critical community concerns, uses the expertise and insights of scholarship to help solve pressing public problems, and contributes to the public good. It does so in a true collaboration with community partners, who help define the problem, develop plans to address it, and play an important role in assessment. These collaborations are two-way streets in which University-based partners contribute equally—if in different ways—to the project and learn from one another.” The Standards Committee report will serve as a resource and guide for assessment of Scholarship of Engagement within the department.

The characteristics by which applied and engaged scholarship shall be evaluated are included in the report of the Standards Committee. As in the case of basic research or creative activity, applied or engaged scholarship should be evaluated according to its quality, significance, and impact on the field and the community. In assessing the impact of applied or engaged scholarship, evaluations by community partners as well as academic and professional experts shall be considered probative. While the department values activities that fall under the University’s definitions of Scholarship of Engagement with its local emphasis, it also values activities that engage with wider communities, including regional, national, and international.

D. Reputation within the discipline

One indicator of the quality of a faculty member’s research/creative work is his/her reputation within the discipline.⁵ In the case of tenure and promotion, this quality may be demonstrated by the evidence of reputation gathered by the department from authoritative reviewers external to the University. Reviewers need not be from doctoral granting

institutions, but they should have a national reputation and play a large role in the area of the field appropriate to the candidate's qualifications for promotion and tenure. Reviewers should also be of rank equal or higher to the rank the candidate is seeking. The reviewers will include individuals from a list provided by the candidate for evaluation as well as individuals who are selected independently by the departmental review committee. At least three reviewers must be selected from each list, with three to six letters included in the file. Overemphasis on external review for non-research activities may lead to a distortion of the standard department allocation of effort because external reviewers cannot effectively evaluate service and teaching contributions at BGSU.

In addition to the foregoing, a candidate may submit and request that the department consider other evidence of achievement in research/creative work that is appropriate to his/her specific case. In particular, jointly appointed faculty will be evaluated by up to two outside faculty participants (one for every 25 percentage points of joint appointment) appointed by the Dean with the consent of the each unit's tenured faculty to serve on departmental committee meetings in which promotion and/or tenure is voted upon. The question to be considered by the department in its evaluation of research/creative work is this: Is the faculty member's performance in research/creative work consistent with the general standards for contract renewal promotion, or tenure as described in University governance documents and specified by the department?

V. Evaluation of Service Effectiveness

Service contributions by faculty at the department, college, and University professional levels are critical to the overall mission of the University. Faculty seeking tenure, contract renewal, or promotion shall provide evidence of appropriate service to the University community or to the profession. For faculty seeking tenure and/or promotion to associate professor, a record that documents continuous and active involvement in

⁵ External peer reviews are not required for annual review, for merit and for contract renewal

service is required. For faculty seeking promotion to professor, a record that documents significant service to the University or profession is required.

The department defines service as performance of departmental, collegiate, University, and professional activities that fall into three domains: involvement in internal affairs and institutional governance; professional expertise shared with the external community; contributions to a faculty member's profession. In presenting their records of service, faculty members should include documentation that provides evidence of their activities and contributions and that addresses the performance indicators used for evaluation according to the standards below.

A. Internal University Service

These activities include participation in departmental, college, or University committees including governing bodies, councils, special task forces, review teams, and the like. University service also includes performance of any assigned administrative service responsibilities including those duties handled by faculty serving as center directors, program directors, department chairs, associate deans, and the like. Performance

indicators used to evaluate internal service include: records of membership and attendance at committee and organizational meetings; amount of time devoted to activities; significance and scope of activities; degree of active involvement; documentation of significant contributions; leadership positions held; professionalism and dependability in performing assignment; collegiality in working with others and sharing responsibilities; testimonials from colleagues, committee chairs, and others. Performance indicators used to evaluate administrative service include: significance and scope of assignment; amount of time devoted to assignment; evidence of collegiality in working with others; documentation of specific contributions and accomplishments; evaluations by constituents, publics served, and others.

B. External Community Service

Faculty members are encouraged to lend their professional expertise to support collaborations with external entities that contribute to the well-being of the larger community. To be considered as community service appropriate for contract renewal, tenure, or promotion considerations, such external activities must draw upon a faculty member's expertise and must be recognized by the department, college, or University as qualifying. All faculty members are encouraged to participate fully in civic and community life as citizens, but they need to recognize that not all such activities will be viewed as directly related to their professional expertise. Performance indicators used to evaluate community service include: records of relevant activities and professional contributions; degree of active involvement; significance and scope of involvement in each activity; evidence of contributions and achievements; leadership positions held, including statements by community partners; professionalism and dependability demonstrated in performing activities; community awards and other recognitions; written statements or testimonials.

C. Professional Service

Service activities in professional organizations and the media industry comprise an important component of the discipline. These activities include a faculty member's membership and active involvement with professional organizations connected to his/her discipline at the local, state, national, or international levels. Performance indicators used to evaluate professional service include: records of affiliations with appropriate professional associations; records of service to private or extramural funding agencies; attendance at professional meetings and conferences; leadership positions held in professional associations; time spent on fulfilling professional service obligations; professionalism and dependability demonstrated in performing activities; professional recognitions; organization of professional conferences, symposia, and the like; conference papers presented or sessions moderated that contribute to the profession.

In addition to the foregoing, a candidate may submit and request that the department consider any other evidence of achievement in service that is appropriate to his/her specific case. The question to be considered by the department in evaluating service is this: Is the faculty member's performance in service consistent with the general standards for contract renewal, promotion, or tenure as described in University governance documents and as specified by the department?

VI. Application

For faculty appointments commencing on or after January 1, 2007, these policies shall apply. For faculty appointments commencing before that date, these policies shall not apply to the tenure decision or to the next promotion decision, unless the faculty member consents to their application, but will apply to any subsequent promotion decision regardless of the consent of the faculty member.

Approved by the Department of Telecommunications

Ewart C. Skinner

Chair

Ewart C. Skinner

J. D. Boyd-Bennett
School Director

Date

8/30/06

Reviewed by the Dean

[Signature]

Date

9-7-06

concur do not concur for the following reason(s): _____

Reviewed by the Provost/VPAA

John Totter

Date

11-7-06

concur do not concur for the following reason(s): _____