Marriage to Divorce Ratio in the U.S., 2017

- In 2017, there were slightly more than two marriages for every one divorce in the United States (marriage to divorce ratio = 2.2). There were 2,319,672 marriages and 1,075,500 divorces.
- Although the ratio has not returned to what it was in 1970 when there were three marriages per one divorce, it is at its highest point since the ACS began collecting detailed marriage and divorce data in 2008.

Five Highest and Lowest Marriage to Divorce Ratios, 2017

- All states have a greater number of marriages than divorces. For 2017, the top three states in the marriage-to-divorce ratio are the District of Columbia (5.9), Hawaii (3.4), and Alaska (3.3). There were at least three marriages per one divorce in these states.
- The states with the lowest marriage to divorce ratio are Maine (1.3), Alabama (1.4), and Rhode Island (1.5).
The states with a significantly higher marriage to divorce ratio than the national average were the District of Columbia, Hawaii, Alaska, Wyoming, Utah, Kansas, Montana, North Dakota, New York, Illinois, Texas, Wisconsin, California, South Dakota, Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Iowa.

Almost half of states (48%) saw an increase in the marriage-to-divorce ratio from 2015 to 2017. Vermont experienced the largest increase in the ratio of marriage to divorce, shifting from 1.9 to 2.1.

About one-quarter of states experienced a decrease in the marriage-to-divorce ratio. Delaware experienced the largest decrease in the ratio of marriage to divorce, from 3.0 to 1.6 marriages per every divorce from 2015 to 2017.

One-quarter (26%) of states had almost the same marriage-to-divorce ratio in 2017 as they did in 2015. These states were Arizona, Arkansas, California, Florida, Idaho, Kentucky, Maryland, Minnesota, New Mexico, Oklahoma, South Carolina, South Dakota, and Virginia.

References:

Suggested Citation: