Family Profile No. 27, 2022

Marriage to Divorce Ratio in the U.S.: Geographic Variation, 2021

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This family profile updates previous profiles on the marriage-to-divorce ratio (Reynolds, 2020; Schweizer, 2019; Schweizer, 2019b; Wu, 2017; Eickmeyer, 2015) and examines state variation in the ratio of marriages to divorces. Using recent American Community Survey (ACS) data, we calculate national and state level marriage-to-divorce ratios by dividing the number of women's marriages by the number of women's divorces for a given population in a given year.

U.S. Marriage-to-Divorce Ratio

- In 2021, there were approximately two marriages per every one divorce in the United States (ratio = 2.16). Specifically, there 2,052,806 marriages and 948,862 divorces.
- The ratio has remained stable since 2014, when there were approximately two marriages for every one divorce (FP-15-19). This indicates that the changes in marriage are occurring at the same pace as changes in divorce.

Figure 1. Women's Marriage-to-Divorce Ratios, 1970 to 2021


Five Highest and Lowest Marriage-to-Divorce Ratios, 2021

- All states had a greater number of marriages than divorces. District of Columbia (3.89), Alaska (3.51), and Utah (3.04) had the highest marriage-to-divorce ratio in 2021. There were at least 3 marriages per every one divorce in these states.
- The states with the lowest marriage-to-divorce ratios were Idaho (1.53), Vermont (1.54), and West Virginia (1.55). In these states there were 1.5 marriages for every one divorce.

Figure 2. Women's Highest and Lowest Marriage-to-Divorce Ratios, 2021

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Ratio</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>District of Columbia</td>
<td>3.89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Alaska</td>
<td>3.51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Utah</td>
<td>3.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>New Hampshire</td>
<td>2.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Wisconsin</td>
<td>2.66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USA</td>
<td></td>
<td>2.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47.</td>
<td>Louisiana</td>
<td>1.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48.</td>
<td>Mississippi</td>
<td>1.57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49.</td>
<td>West Virginia</td>
<td>1.55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50.</td>
<td>Vermont</td>
<td>1.54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51.</td>
<td>Idaho</td>
<td>1.53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: NCFMR analyses of U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2021 1-yr est.
State Rankings and Geographical Variation in Marriage-to-Divorce Ratio, 2021

Figure 3. State-level Marriage-to-Divorce Ratios Among Women Aged 15+ by Quartile, 2021

- Among states in the Northeast, most of the ratios were in the highest quartile, meaning they had some of the largest ratios of marriages-to-divorces in 2021.
- For those in the Western region of the U.S., their ratios most often fell in the lowest quartiles (31% each).
- Among states in the South, most were in the bottom quartile), meaning they had some of the smallest ratios of marriages-to-divorces in 2021.
- Midwestern states tended to cluster in the two middle quartiles, with two-fifth of their states in each.

Figure 4. Geographic Variation in Marriage-to-Divorce Ratios Among Women Aged 15+, 2021

Source: NCFMR analyses of U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2021 1-yr est.

References:
http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/mvsr/mv43_12s.pdf
http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/mvsr/mv23_02s1a.pdf
http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/mvsr/mv32_05s.pdf
http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/nvsr/nvsr49/49_06_12_03.pdf

Source: NCFMR analyses of U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2021 1-yr est.

Suggested Citation:

This project is supported with assistance from Bowling Green State University. From 2007 to 2013, support was also provided by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office of the Assistant Secretary for Planning and Evaluation. The opinions and conclusions expressed herein are solely those of the author(s) and should not be construed as representing the opinions or policy of any agency of the state or federal government.