### Introduction to ArcGIS

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CFDR Workshop Series
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Thank you to Michael Castro for creating the step-by-step handout.

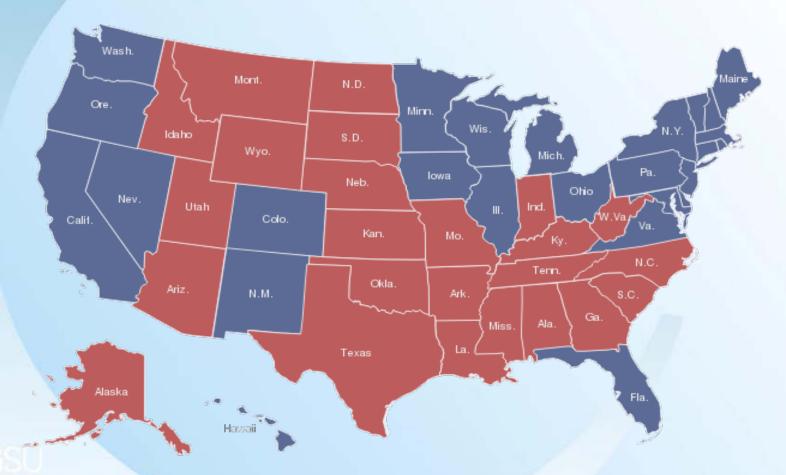


### What is GIS?

- A geographic information system (GIS) lets us visualize, question, analyze, interpret, and understand data to reveal relationships, patterns, and trends
- A GIS helps you answer questions and solve problems by looking at your data in a way that is quickly understood and easily shared
- Typically present data in thematic maps



# Example of a Thematic Map 2012 Election Results





## What Can You Do with GIS?

- Map Where Things Are
- Map Quantities
- Map Densities
- Map Change
- Find What's Inside
- Find What's Nearby

Where TARS respondents live now

Percent of Hispanics in population

Population per square mile

Change in poverty: 2000 to 2010

Location of drug-related arrests

Nearest family planning center



## What Can You Do with GIS?

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Map Quantities

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Map Densities

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Find What's Nearby

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### New to ArcGIS?

### Start by replicating an existing map

- Census Briefs The Hispanic Population: 2010
  - Figure 5. Hispanic or Latino Population as a Percent of Total Population by County: 2010



# Mapping Percent Hispanic

### What You Will Need

#### Software:

ArcGIS version 10

#### Data:

- Demographic Data by County (Shapefile)
- State Boundaries (Shapefile)
- U.S. Boundary (Cartographic File)



### Where To Download Data

- Demographic Data by County (Shapefile)
  - http://www.census.gov/geo/maps-data/data/tiger-data.html
- State Boundaries (Shapefile)
  - http://www.census.gov/cgi-bin/geo/shapefiles2010/layers.cgi
- U.S. Boundary (Cartographic File)
  - http://www.census.gov/geo/www/cob/cbf\_state.html

Extract all files to the same folder



## **WARNING!!!**

- Do not rename files
- Do not delete files that you do not think you are using



# Using ArcMap

- Make new map
- Add data connect to folder if necessary
  - County\_2010Census\_DP1.shp
  - tl\_2010\_us\_state10.shp
  - gz\_2010\_us\_040\_00\_20m.shp
- Clip map to reflect coastline boundaries



# Clipping County Shapefile

- Geoprocessing → Clip
  - Input Features:

County\_2010Census\_DP1

- Clip Features:

gz\_2010\_us\_040\_00\_20m

– Output Feature Class:

C:\Documents and Settings\sburgoy\Desktop\ArcGIS Workshop\New Counties.shp

clip...clip...clip...clip...clip...clip...clip...clip...clip...clip...clip...clip



# Clipping State Shapefile

- Geoprocessing → Clip
  - Input Features:

```
tl_2010_us_state10
```

– Clip Features:

```
gz_2010_us_040_00_20m
```

– Output Feature Class:

C:\Documents and Settings\sburgoy\Desktop\ArcGIS Workshop\New States.shp

clip...clip...clip...clip...clip...clip...clip...clip...clip...clip...clip...clip



# Using ArcMap (continued)

- Remove old data
  - County\_2010Census\_DP1
  - tl\_2010\_us\_state10
  - gz\_2010\_us\_040\_00\_20m
- Make New States outline only
  - Hollow, Width = 1.15, Outline Color = Black
- Change map projection



# Problem: The Earth is Round & Maps are Flat

### Solution:

- Change map projection to fix distortion
  - New Projection: USA Contiguous Albers Equal Area Conic
- Equal area projections preserve area, so many thematic maps use an equal area projection
- Maps of the United States commonly use the Albers Equal Area Conic projection



## Creating Percent Hispanic Field

- Open attribute table for New Counties
- Add Field...

- Name: PerHisp

- Type: Double

- Use Excel file (DP\_TableDescriptions.xls) to identify field names for Hispanic population (DP0100002) and total population (DP0100001)
- Field calculator
  - ([DP0100002]/ [DP0100001])\*100



# Visualizing Percent Hispanic

- Open layer properties for New Counties
- Symbology Tab → Quantities → Graduated Colors
  - Value: PerHisp
  - Color Ramp: Yellow to Red
  - Classes: 5
- Classify...
  - Method: Manual
  - Break Values: 5.0, 16.3, 25.0, 50.0, 100.0
- Label: Less than 5.0, 5.0 to 16.2, 16.3 to 24.9, 25.0 to 50.0,
   More than 50.0



# Creating a Printable Map

- View → Layout View
- File → Page and Print Setup → Landscape
- Right-click → Distribute → Fit to Margins
- Zoom to Contiguous U.S.
- Remove border
- Copy map, paste, resize, reposition, repeat
  - Zoom to Alaska
  - Zoom to Hawaii



# Problem: Alaska and Hawaii Look Funny

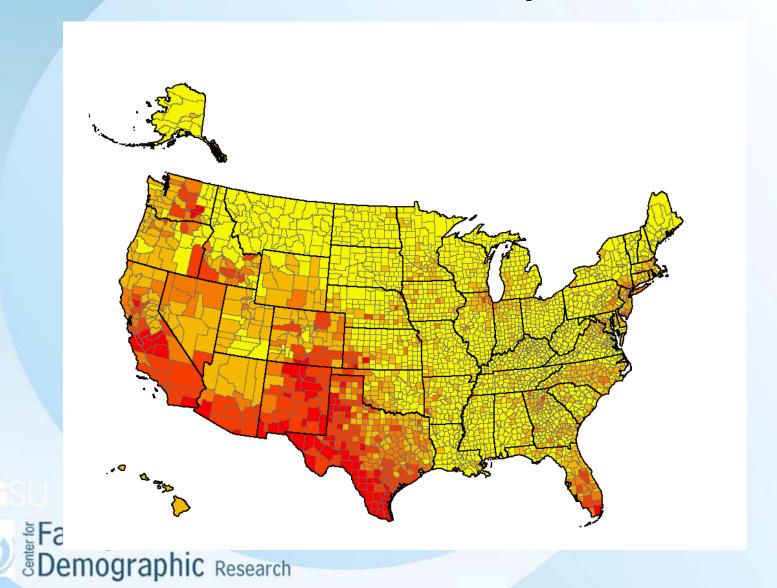
 USA Contiguous Albers Equal Area Conic projection is for contiguous states only

### Solution:

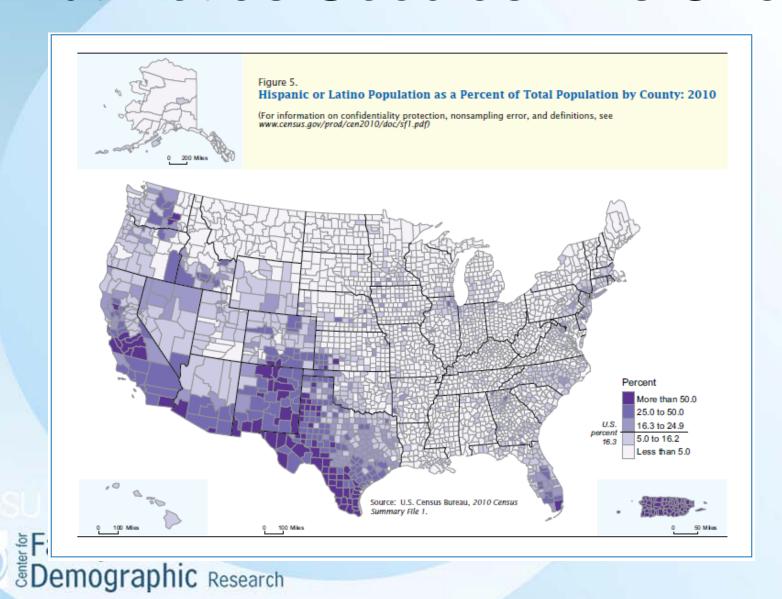
- Change map projection for Alaska
  - New Projection: NAD 1983 StatePlane Alaska 1 FIPS 5001 Feet
- Change map projection for Hawaii
  - New Projection: NAD 1983 StatePlane Hawaii 1 FIPS 5101 Feet



# Looks Like a Map to Me



## But Not as Good as This One



## Making an Aesthetically Pleasing Map

- Change background color for AK & HI
- Add:
  - Legend
    - Flip symbols and reverse sorting (all 3 layers)
  - Scale bars
  - Border
  - Map Information Box
    - Title
    - Name and affiliation
    - Source



# Export the finished product:

.gif, .jpeg, .pdf, .png, etc

## Save the map:

ArcMap Document (.mxd)

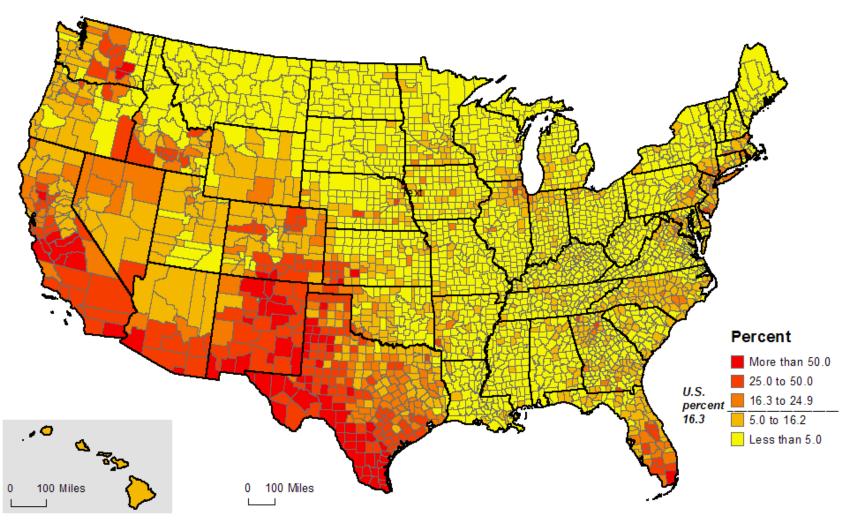




#### Hispanic or Latino Population as a Percent of Total Population by County: 2010

Sarah Burgoyne Center for Family and Demographic Research

Source: U.S. Census Bureau Cartographic Boundary Files, TIGER/Line® Shapefiles and TIGER/Line® Files, and TIGER/Line® Shapefiles Pre-joined with Demographic Data.



### Conclusion

- You're not a Map Master quite yet
- Practice replicating existing maps
  - Practice makes perfect
  - ArcGIS requires a lot of trial and error
  - Incorporate your own creative style
- Create new maps to supplement your research



### Conclusion

- Look for additional ArcGIS documents on the CFDR website (coming soon)
- Take the Geographic Information Systems course (SEES 5100) in Fall 2013
- Contact the CFDR for assistance with future maps at <u>cfdr@bgsu.edu</u>

