The Great Recession (2007-2009) was marked by a decline in the odds of divorce and an increase in the unemployment rate, which contributed to lower marriage rates (Cohen, 2014; Schaller, 2012). The role of unfavorable economic conditions in divorce is evidenced in divorce timing rather than divorce per se (Schoen & Canudas-Romo, 2006). Using data from the American Community Surveys, 2008-2012, this profile examines changes in median duration of first marriages ending in divorce among men and women ages 15 and older during and immediately following the Great Recession. Further, marital duration is examined by race/ethnicity and educational attainment.

- From 2008-2012, the median duration of first marriage at divorce was shortest in 2009 at 11.1 years. Since then, duration has increased to a five-year high of 12.3 years in 2012, a 10.8% increase.
- Duration is similar for men and women, with women having slightly longer median marital durations at time of divorce.

### Figure 1. Median Duration of First Marriage at Divorce by Sex, 2008 - 2012

![Graph showing median duration of first marriage at divorce by sex from 2008 to 2012](image)

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2008-2012

### References:


Median Duration of First Marriage at Divorce by Educational Attainment, 2008 - 2012

• The longest marital durations at time of divorce are consistently experienced by the lowest and highest educated. Individuals with less than a H.S. education have the longest duration at time of divorce across all time points.
• Since the recession ended (2009), duration of first marriages at divorce has increased for all education levels, but none as dramatically as among those with less than a H.S. diploma. On average, those with less than a H.S. diploma were married about 15 years before divorcing in 2012, a 14.4% increase since 2009.

Median Duration of First Marriage at Divorce by Race & Ethnicity, 2008 - 2012

• Relatively small differentials in the duration of first marriages exist according to race and ethnicity. The time to divorce ranges from 11.4 among Hispanics to 12.8 among Blacks.
• For Whites, Asians, and Hispanics, the shortest median duration at divorce occurred at the end of the recession in 2009. Blacks experienced their shortest duration just one year later in 2010.
• After the median duration lows experienced in 2009 and 2010, all but Asians have witnessed steady increases in their median duration at time of divorce.