

CS 6150 : RELIABLE COMPUTING

<i>Semester Hours:</i>	3.0	<i>Contact Hours:</i> 3
<i>Coordinator:</i>	Ray Kresman	
<i>Text:</i>	TBD	
<i>Author:</i>	TBD	
<i>Year:</i>	TBD	

SPECIFIC COURSE INFORMATION

Catalog Description:

Techniques for writing reliable software including n-version programming, fault-tolerant data structures and formal proofs of correctness. Rollback and recovery methods. Fault-tolerant hardware and methods of hardware error detection and correction. Prerequisites: Full Admission to MS in CS program, or consent of department.

Course type: **ELECTIVE**

SPECIFIC COURSE GOALS

- I can articulate why empirical software testing does not provide 100% guarantee on software correctness.
- I am able to write the specification/predicates, that should hold, at various points for simple programs.
- I understand how to use axiomatic techniques to prove correctness of simple programs, both partial and total.
- I am able to define/give examples of groups, rings and vector spaces.
- I can explain the relationship between minimum Hamming distance and error detection/correction capability.
- I can construct basis, or G matrix, to derive codewords for messages.
- I can construct H matrix and detect/correct received data.
- I can explain the application of memory error detection/correction techniques using Hamming code.
- I can construct fault tolerant data structures, for example, modify a linked list to permit error detection and correction.
- I understand how to derive test points that can detect a variety of linear domain errors.
- I can explain the tradeoff between memory and CPU in masking hardware faults.

LIST OF TOPICS COVERED

- Fault-Tolerant Hardware

- Tandem computer architecture(*)
- Stratus computer architecture
- The (4,2) computer architecture
- Hardware error detection and correction through coding(*)
- Redundant array of inexpensive disks (RAID)(*)
- Fault-Tolerant Software
 - Formal proofs of correctness(*)
 - Axiomatic semantics and proof rules
 - Weakest precondition
 - Strongest post condition
 - Invariants and assertions
 - Formal specification – an overview
 - VDM or Z
 - Algebraic specification and data types
 - Roll back and recovery, check pointing(*)
 - Software Safety
 - N-version techniques(*)
 - Fault tolerant data structures and scrubbing(*)
 - User of error detection codes in software
 - Data integrity in distributed transactions
 - Validation protocols for transactions
 - Distributed check pointing
- Estimation of Mean Time Between Failures (MTBF)
 - Numerical aspects of software testing
 - Domain testing
 - Effect of redundant components
 - Effect of scrubbing
 - Standards for software fault-tolerance

(*) These topics are core material to be covered every time the course is taught.