

BGSU Faculty Senate – Master Plan Update February 3, 2015

- One of several major planning initiatives
 - University strategy
 - » Academic re-structuring
 - » Declining enrollment
 - » Building conditions
 - Outdated residence halls and dining
 - » Budget pressures.
- Significant deferred maintenance concerns (40% of BGSU's buildings are 40 years of age or older)
- 2010 Master plan provides an overall logic to capital spending
 - Aligns physical development of the campus with university strategy, academic initiatives and other priorities so that capital deployment can achieve the highest possible impact.
- Currently being implemented through Executive Team

Master Plan – Big Ideas – Major Themes

- » Re-align campus for major changes facing public higher education
 - Contract footprint move academic functions toward academic core and away from perimeter
 - » Reduce square footage devoted to academic buildings by demolishing or repurposing buildings with no long-term strategic value. Over 200,000 square feet of academic space will be removed from service (demolition or re-purposing of 6 buildings).
 - » More accessible, convenient campus
- Regenerate teaching and learning platform through large-scale renovations and/or adaptive re-use of at least 7 academic buildings
- Substantial improvements in academic space use resulting from university-wide planning and programming
- » Significant investments in student life
- » Address long-standing deferred maintenance needs
- Enhance classroom functionality throughout campus (modernization in about 10-12 buildings)
- » Improve environment through investments in landscape, civic structure and infrastructure

A Re-Cap of Selected Accomplishments



Academic Projects









Residence Halls







Dining Centers



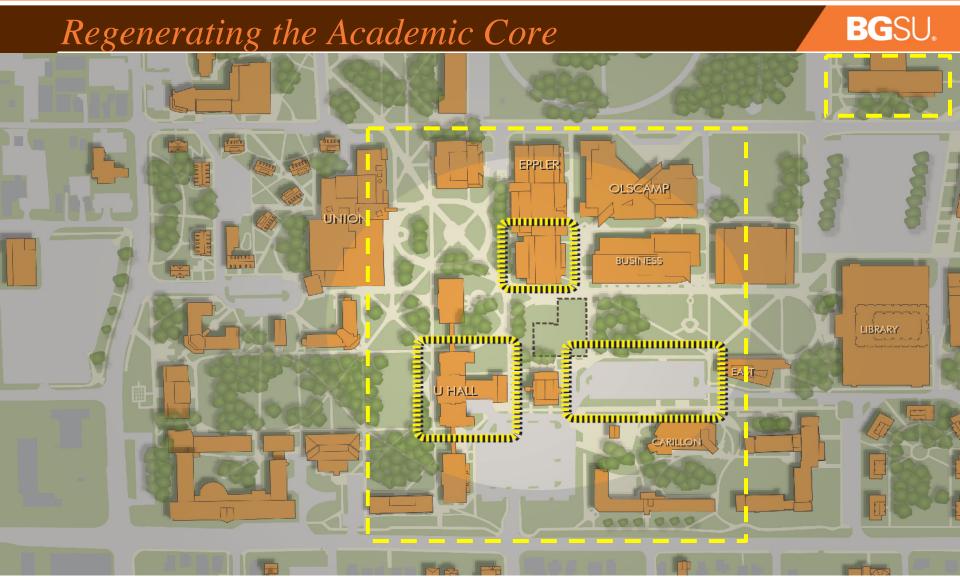


Student Life









The Traditions Core

North Campus Core

5

South Hall – School of Media and Communication













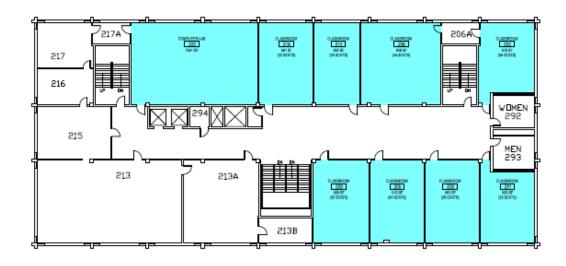


- Construction start in fall 2014
- Phased completion in 2016



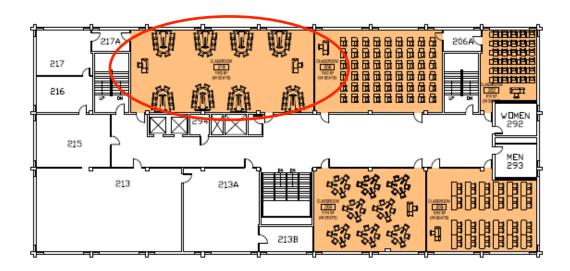
Education Building – Classroom Upgrades

Second Floor – Existing



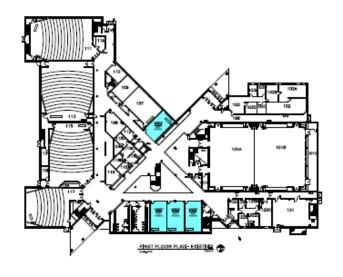
Second Floor – Proposed

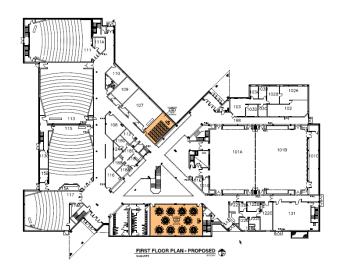




Olscamp Hall – Classroom Upgrades

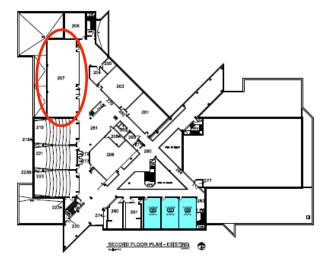
First Floor

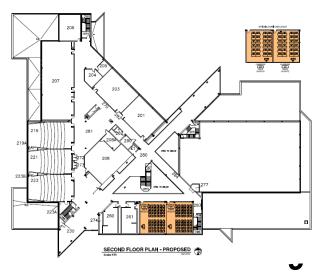




Second Floor







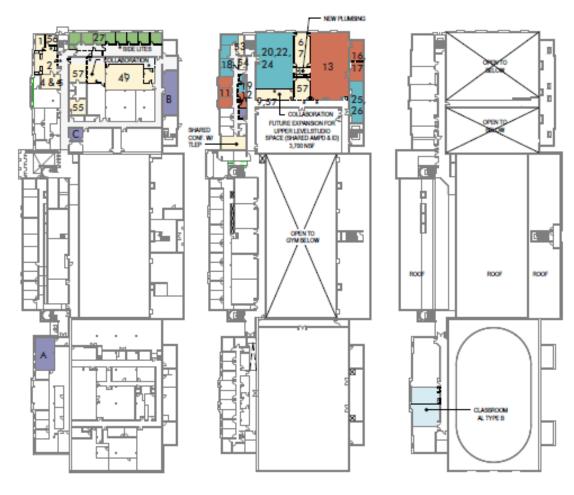
Building	Number of Classrooms
Math Science	14
Business Administration	15
Eppler Complex	<u>12</u>
	41

Project Scope: Carpet, Paint, Furniture, Other Improvements

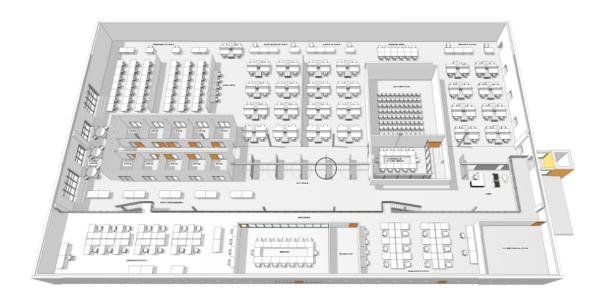
Eppler Complex Renovation

- Family and Consumer Science
- Interior Design
- Apparel Merchandising/PD
- Human Dev/Family Studies
- Human Movement, Sports and Leisure Studies
- Classroom





Park Avenue Warehouse - Architecture/Env. Design







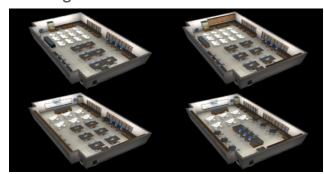
Objectives:

- » Maximize impact of initial capital investment
 - "New Building" experience vs. long term incremental renovation
 - » Align with strategic goal of improving student experience
- » Preserve flexibility for future upgrades

Concept: Universal Science & Technology Platform

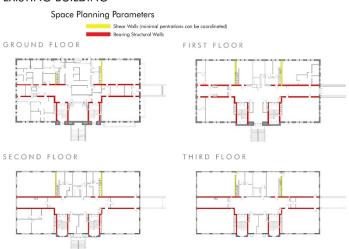
- » Accommodate broad spectrum of teaching lab space needs, including science and computer technology
- Classrooms & Teaching labs shared across departments
- » Keep options open for longer term investment in existing science buildings







EXISTING BUILDING



Lab layouts







Instructor touchdown





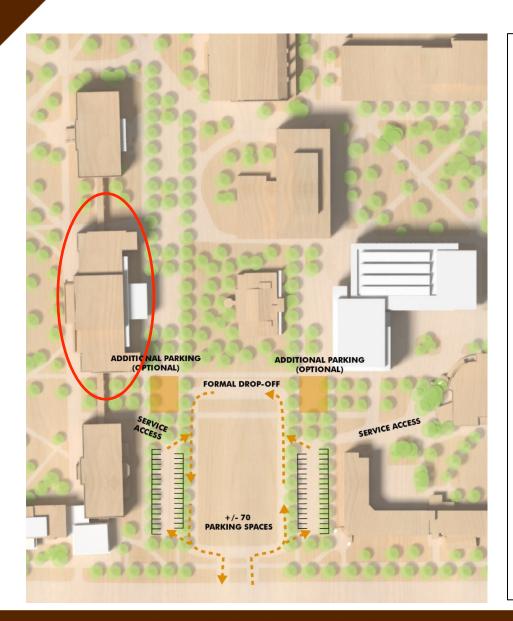


Collaboration spaces









Admissions

- Outreach (Leadership group directors, graduate assistants
- "Front of House" counselors, tour guides, student recruitment teams
- "Back of House" call center, student services, development team

High Impact Programs

- » Experiential Learning:
 - » UG Research
 - » COSMOS and STEM programs
 - » AIMS
 - » Service Learning
 - Residential Learning Community Office
- » International student services
- Study Abroad

College of Business Administration

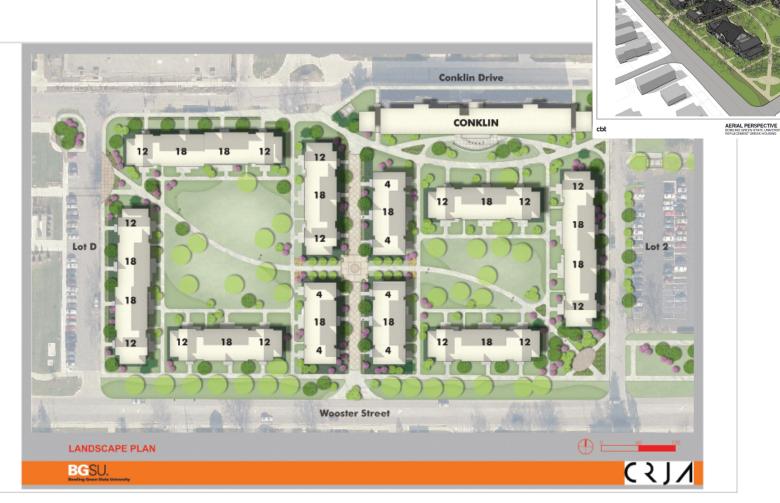






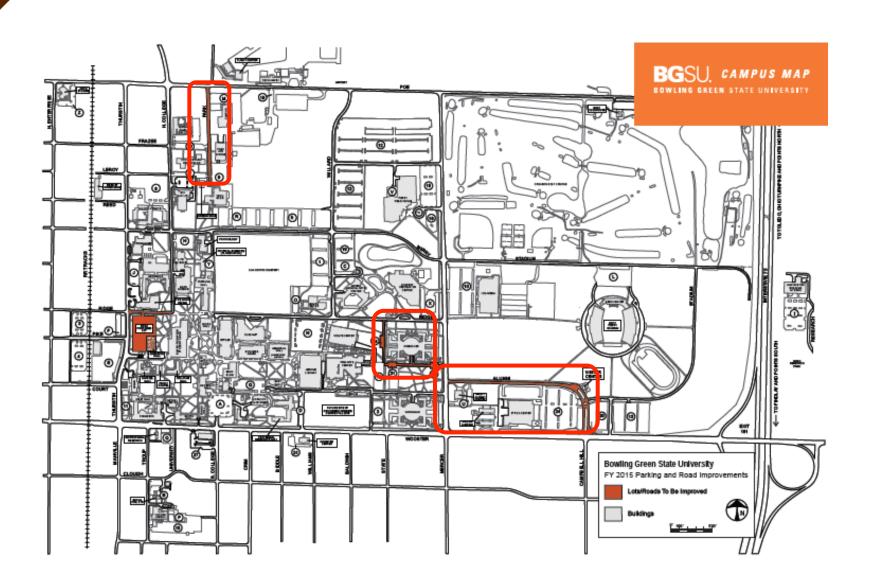


SE CORNER

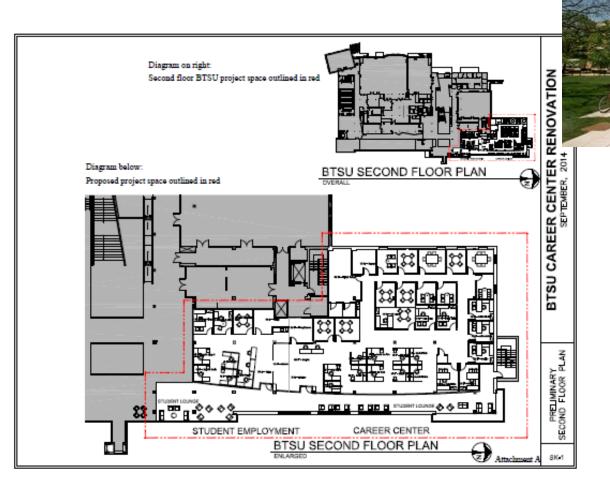




BOWLING GREEN STATE UNIVERSITY REPLACEMENT GREEK HOUSING

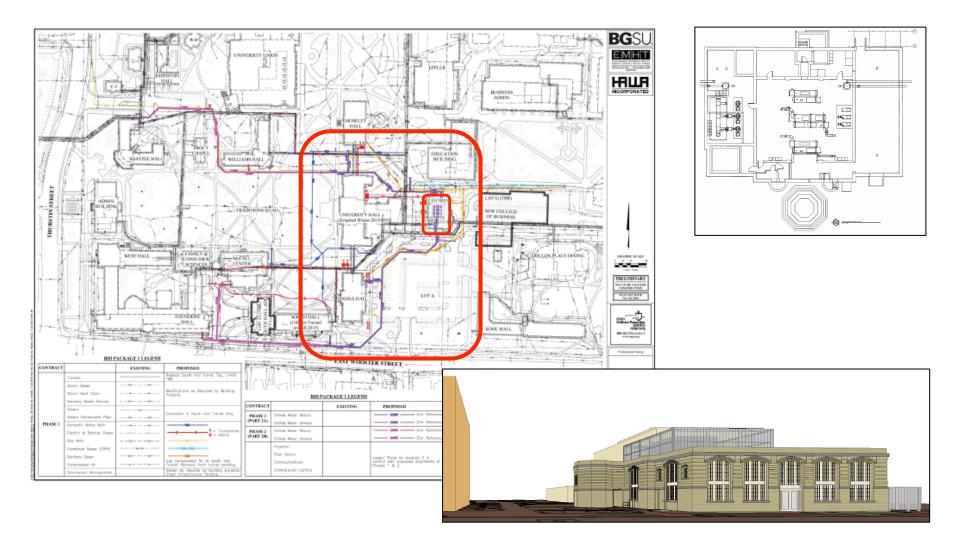


BTSU - Career Center Relocation



G R E E N

BOWLING

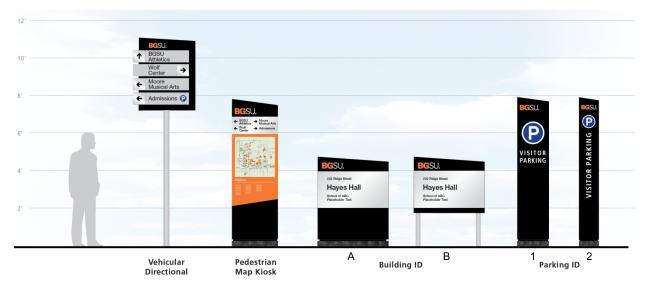




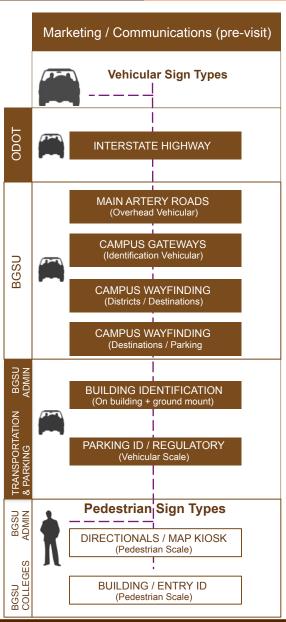


Build the Brand: Wayfinding

Develop a system-wide University signage system & wayfinding standards.



Sign Types located around the perimeter of campus & in the interior outdoor spaces of campus



BOWLING GREEN STATE UNIVERSITY Tentative Capital Project Board Action Items: FY 2015

DRAFT

December 5, 2014 Greek Housing – approval of construction

Career Center and Student Employment – approval of entire project

Traditions Infrastructure - approval of construction

Eppler Hall – approval of entire project

Architecture/Park Avenue Warehouse – approval of entire project

Classroom upgrades – approval of entire project

Parking Lot and Road Improvements

February 20, 2015 Perry Stadium improvements

June 18, 2015 Moseley Hall – approval of final design and construction

University Hall – approval of final design and construction (approval date subject to change)

Enabling projects will be defined, phased and scheduled for Board approval as warranted.

- » Campus Operations budget and revenue to support it
- » Decisions on construction of new buildings
 - » Determined through 2010 Master Plan process
 - » Bidding process to select construction firms
 - » Centennial, Falcon Heights, Carillon, Oaks
 - » WCH/Falcon Health Center, Aviation building
- » Amount of bonding defer response

- » Upholding of standards within Climate Action Plan/PCC
 - Energy: 20% reduction (Lighting, BAS, heat plant, building controls, LEED certification), local demand response, geothermal study, prepare overall sustainability master plan
 - "Transportation: shuttle bus, electric vehicle charging stations, bio-fuel powered lawn mowers, campus vehicle fleet reductions, promote bike usage/bike paths
 - » Solid Waste: increased recycling, donations of surplus supplies, green office certification, composting, reduction of dining waste
 - Education and research: centralized office sustainability, academic department, internships and service opportunities
 - Other actions
 - » Student Green Initiatives Fund
 - » Prioritize energy conservation/sustainability in capital planning/ design and construction policies
 - » LEED policy minimum of LEED silver

- » Relocations of programs
 - » 2010 Master Plan academic core strategy
 - » Enabling moves
 - » Math emporium location
 - » Accreditation/grants Architecture, MMA
 - » Historical value 2010 Master Plan Facility Analysis
- » Integrity of campus architecture/design guidelines
- » Question faculty should be asking how to be constructively involved?
- Our question how to better communicate about the master plan?

Design Continuum







"Contextual" Design

What is "Contextual" Design?

- Contextual design refers to the practice of tailoring a design to a specific context or setting
- Features that inform context may include:
 - History of the site
 - Existing open spaces and circulation
 - Architectural style of adjacent buildings
 - Climatological characteristics of the site
- A building may respond with its materiality, texture, massing, scale, and connections to adjacent open spaces





Concepts - Heritage

Traditions

- These enduring buildings represent an invaluable piece of the campus fabric
- Any renovations made to the campus's existing facilities—particularly historic buildings—should respect their quality and character

Mid-Century Modernism

- Should have strong interior and exterior visual and physical connections
- A large portion of the campus was developed in the 1960s, and many campus buildings are now verging on 50 years of age
- They should also be viewed as a part of the campus' heritage





Design Language

- Reinforce relationships between campus open spaces and define clear boundaries for courtyards and quads
- Respond to existing massing, materiality and scale of adjacent structures
- Design buildings to engage with open spaces at the ground level
- Strong horizontal architectural language is present in many of BGSU's existing buildings
- Vertical elements may be used as accents to add visual interest







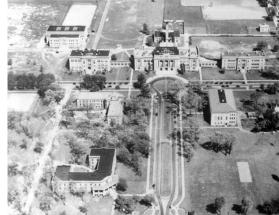
BGSU_®

Heritage

- Buildings of heritage value on the campus will be preserved
- Renovations will be made with respect to their quality and character

Massing

- The height and massing of new buildings will be balanced with and proportional to adjacent open spaces
- Buildings will be low and "connected" to the earth with strong horizontal elements

















Contextual Open Space

Simple Landscape

- Buildings should be open at the base
- There should be a balance between informal tree canopy and open lawn areas

Circulation & Entries

 Pedestrian routes should have a clear hierarchy

Programming

 Areas of high activity within a building should be clustered around exterior open spaces









Facades

- Clear visual hierarchy
- Most open and programmatically varied at the ground level
- Fenestration and the articulation of facades will conform to a regular grid pattern
- Fit within their immediate context
- Emphasize the interplay of light and shadow

Materiality

- Materials should be regional
- New construction to utilize consistent brick colors where brick is specified
- New glazing to be clear glass and be consistent across the building





















Materiality

BGSU.

Concepts – "A-Contextual" Design

Design as Counter-Point

- As a general rule, a minimum of 50% of a building's exterior must be contextual
- However, distinctive design elements may be used as a contrast to the surrounding context.
- It is not the goal of BGSU to create a homogeneous campus aesthetic; new buildings should be unique to their time and place, but also respond to their surrounding context.

Landmarks as Visual Focus

- An aesthetically distinctive structure can serve as a campus landmark.
- Such structures—which may "break" the rules of the existing campus vocabulary—should be used sparingly and with purpose.



